2 KINGS 25:15

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Temple. ¹⁵Nebuzaradan took all the firepans^{*} and bowls. He took all the things made of gold for the gold. And he took everything made of silver for the silver. ¹⁶⁻¹⁷So Nebuzaradan took the large bronze tank and the 2 bronze columns. (Each column was about 31 feet^a tall. The capitals^{*} on the columns were over 5 feet^b tall. They were made from bronze and had a design like a net and pomegranates. Both columns had the same kind of design.) He also took the carts that Solomon made for the Lord's Temple. The bronze from these things was too heavy to be weighed.

The People of Judah Taken as Prisoners

¹⁸[From the Temple] Nebuzaradan took Seraiah the high priest, Zephaniah the second priest, and the three men who guarded the entrance.

¹⁹From the city Nebuzaradan took one official who was in charge of the army and five of the king's advisors^c who were still in the city. He took one secretary of the commander of the army who was in charge of counting the common people and choosing some of them to be soldiers and 60 people who just happened to be in the city.

²⁰⁻²¹Then Nebuzaradan took all these people to the king of Babylon at Riblah in the area of Hamath. The king of Babylon killed them there at Riblah. And the people of Judah were led away as prisoners from their land.

Gedaliah, Governor of Judah

²²King Nebuchadnezzar of Babylon left some people in the land of Judah. There was

25:16-17 31 feet Literally, "18 cubits" (9.33 m).
 b25:16-17 5 feet Literally, "3 cubits" (1.55 m).
 c25:19 king's advisors Literally, "men who saw the king's face."

a man named Gedaliah son of Ahikam son of Shaphan. Nebuchadnezzar made Gedaliah governor over the people in Judah.

²³The army captains were Ishmael son of Nethaniah, Johanan son of Kareah, Seraiah son of Tanhumeth from Netophah, and Jaazaniah son of the Maachathite. These army captains and their men heard that the king of Babylon had made Gedaliah governor, so they went to Mizpah to meet with him. ²⁴Gedaliah made promises to these officers and their men. He said to them, "Don't be afraid of the Babylonian officers. Stay here and serve the king of Babylon. Then everything will be all right with you."

²⁵Ishmael son of Nethaniah son of Elishama was from the king's family. In the seventh month Ishmael and ten of his men attacked Gedaliah and killed all the men of Judah and Babylonians who were with Gedaliah at Mizpah. ²⁶Then the army officers and all the people ran away to Egypt. Everyone, from the least important to the most important, ran away because they were afraid of the Babylonians.

²⁷Later, Evil Merodach became the king of Babylon. He let King Jehoiachin of Judah out of prison. This happened in the 37th year after Jehoiachin was captured. This was on the 27th day of the twelfth month from the time that Evil Merodach began to rule. ²⁸Evil Merodach was kind to Jehoiachin. He gave him a more important place to sit than the other kings who were with him in Babylon. ²⁹Evil Merodach let Jehoiachin stop wearing prison clothes. And every day for the rest of his life he ate at the same table with the king. ³⁰And each day, for as long as Jehoiachin lived, the king gave him enough money to pay for whatever he needed.

1 Chronicles

Family History From Adam to Noah

 $\mathbf{1}^{1-3}$ The first generations of people were Adam, Seth, Enosh, Kenan, Mahalalel, Jared, Enoch, Methuselah, Lamech, and Noah.^d

⁴The sons of Noah were Shem, Ham, and Japheth.

Japheth's Descendants

⁵The sons of Japheth were Gomer, Magog, Madai, Javan, Tubal, Meshech, and Tiras.

*d***1:1–3** This list of names gives the name of a man, followed by his descendants.

⁶The sons of Gomer were Ashkenaz, Riphath,^{*e*} and Togarmah.

⁷The sons of Javan were Elishah, Tarshish, Kittim, and Rodanim.

Ham's Descendants

⁸The sons of Ham were Cush,^{*f*} Mizraim,^{*g*} Put, and Canaan.

⁹The sons of Cush were Seba, Havilah, Sabtah, Raamah, and Sabtecah.

e1:6 Riphath Or "Diphath." f1:8 Cush That is, Ethiopia. g1:8 Mizraim That is, Egypt. The sons of Raamah were Sheba and Dedan.

 $^{10}\rm Nimrod,$ a descendant of Cush, grew up to become the strongest and bravest soldier in the world.

¹¹Mizraim was the father of the people of Lud, Anam, Lehab, Naphtuh, ¹²Pathrus, Casluh, and Caphtor. (The Philistines came from Casluh.)

¹³Canaan was the father of Sidon. Sidon was his first child. Canaan was also the father of the Hittites, ¹⁴Jebusites, Amorites, Girgashites, ¹⁵Hivites, Arkites, Sinites, ¹⁶Arvadites, Zemarites, and the people from Hamath.

Shem's Descendants

¹⁷Shem's sons were Elam, Asshur, Arphaxad, Lud, and Aram. Aram's sons were^{*a*} Uz, Hul, Gether, and Meshech.^{*b*}

¹⁸Arphaxad was the father of Shelah. Shelah was the father of Eber.

¹⁹Eber had two sons. One son was named Peleg,^c because the people on the earth were divided into different languages during his lifetime. Peleg's brother was named Joktan. ²⁰(Joktan was the father of Almodad, Sheleph, Hazarmaveth, Jerah, ²¹Hadoram, Uzal, Diklah, ²²Ebal,^d Abimael, Sheba, ²³Ophir, Havilah, and Jobab. All these men were Joktan's sons.)

²⁴Shem's descendants were Arphaxad, Shelah, ²⁵Eber, Peleg, Reu, ²⁶Serug, Nahor, Terah, ²⁷and Abram. (Abram is also called Abraham.)

Abraham's Family

²⁸Abraham's sons were Isaac and Ishmael. ²⁹These are their descendants:

Ishmael's first son was Nebaioth. His other sons were Kedar, Adbeel, Mibsam, ³⁰Mishma, Dumah, Massa, Hadad, Tema, ³¹Jetur, Naphish, and Kedemah. These were Ishmael's sons.

³²Abraham also had sons by Keturah, his slave woman.* They were Zimran, Jokshan, Medan, Midian, Ishbak, and Shuah.

Jokshan's sons were Sheba and Dedan.

³³Midian's sons were Ephah, Epher, Hanoch, Abida, and Eldaah.

These men were the descendants of Keturah.

Isaac's Descendants

³⁴Abraham was the father of Isaac. Isaac's sons were Esau and Israel.*

a1:17 Aram's sons were This is found in one Hebrew copy and some copies of the ancient Greek version. It is also found in the standard Hebrew text of Gen. 10:23, but not here.

^b1:17 Meshech Or "Mash." See Gen. 10:23.

1:19 *Peleg* This name means "division."

d1:22 Ebal Or "Obal." See Gen. 10:28.

³⁵Esau's sons were Eliphaz, Reuel, Jeush, Jalam, and Korah.

³⁶Eliphaz's sons were Teman, Omar, Zepho,^e Gatam, and Kenaz. Also Eliphaz and Timna had a son named Amalek.

³⁷Reuel's sons were Nahath, Zerah, Shammah, and Mizzah.

The Edomites From Seir

³⁸Seir's sons were Lotan, Shobal, Zibeon, Anah, Dishon, Ezer, and Dishan.

³⁹Lotan's sons were Hori and Homam.^f Lotan had a sister named Timna.

⁴⁰Shobal's sons were Alvan, Manahath, Ebal, Shepho, and Onam.

Zibeon's sons were Aiah and Anah.

⁴¹Anah's son was Dishon.

Dishon's sons were Hemdan, Eshban, Ithran, and Keran.

 $^{\rm 42}{\rm Ezer}{\rm 's}$ sons were Bilhan, Zaavan, and Akan.

Dishan's sons were Uz and Aran.

The Kings of Edom

⁴³There were kings in Edom long before there were kings in Israel. These are the names of the kings of Edom:

Bela was the son of Beor. The name of Bela's city was Dinhabah.

⁴⁴When Bela died, Jobab son of Zerah became the new king. Jobab came from Bozrah.

⁴⁵When Jobab died, Husham became the new king. Husham was from the country of the Temanites.

⁴⁶When Husham died, Hadad son of Bedad became the new king. Hadad defeated Midian in the country of Moab. Hadad's city was named Avith.

⁴⁷When Hadad died, Samlah became the new king. Samlah was from Masrekah.

⁴⁸When Samlah died, Shaul became the new king. Shaul was from Rehoboth by the Euphrates River.

⁴⁹When Shaul died, Baal Hanan son of Acbor became the new king.

⁵⁰When Baal Hanan died, Hadad became the new king. Hadad's city was named Pau.⁹ Hadad's wife was named Mehetabel. Mehetabel was Matred's daughter. Matred was Mezahab's daughter. ⁵¹Then Hadad died.

The leaders of Edom were Timna, Alvah, Jetheth, ⁵²Oholibamah, Elah, Pinon, ⁵³Kenaz, Teman, Mibzar, ⁵⁴Magdiel, and Iram. This is a list of the leaders of Edom.

Israel's Sons

2¹Israel's^{*} sons were Reuben, Simeon, Levi, Judah, Issachar, Zebulun, ²Dan, Joseph, Benjamin, Naphtali, Gad, and Asher.

e1:36 Zepho Or "Zephi."

f**1:39** Homam Or "Heman." See Gen. 36:22. g**1:50** Pau Or "Pai."

1 CHRONICLES 2:3

Judah's Sons

³Judah's sons were Er, Onan, and Shelah. Bathshua^a was their mother. She was a woman from Canaan.^{*} The Lorb saw that Judah's first son, Er, was evil. That is why the Lorb killed Er. ⁴Judah's daughter-in-law Tamar gave birth to Perez and Zerah.^b So Judah had five sons.

⁵Perez's sons were Hezron and Hamul.

⁶Zerah had five sons. They were Zimri, Ethan, Heman, Calcol, and Darda.

⁷Zimri's son was Carmi. Carmi's son was Achar.^c Achar was the man who brought many troubles to Israel. Achar kept the things he took in battle, but he was supposed to give them all to God.

⁸Ethan's son was Azariah.

⁹Hezron's sons were Jerahmeel, Ram, and Caleb.^d

Ram's Descendants

¹⁰Ram was Amminadab's father, and Amminadab was Nahshon's father. Nahshon was the leader of the people of Judah.^e ¹¹Nahshon was Salmon's father. Salmon was Boaz's father. ¹²Boaz was Obed's father. Obed was Jesse's father. ¹³Jesse was Eliab's father. Eliab was Jesse's first son. Jesse's father. Eliab was Jesse's first son. Jesse's second son was Abinadab. His third son was Shimea. ¹⁴Nethanel was Jesse's fourth son. Jesse's fifth son was Raddai. ¹⁵Ozem was Jesse's sixth son, and David was his seventh son. ¹⁶Their sisters were Zeruiah and Abigail. Zeruiah's three sons were Abishai, Joab, and Asahel. ¹⁷Abigail was Amasa's mother. Amasa's father was Jether. Jether was from the Ishmaelites.

Caleb's Descendants

¹⁸Caleb was Hezron's son. Caleb had children with his wife Azubah. Azubah was the daughter of Jerioth.^f Azubah's sons were Jesher, Shobab, and Ardon. ¹⁹When Azubah died, Caleb married Ephrath. Caleb and Ephrath had a son. They named him Hur. ²⁰Hur was Uri's father. Uri was Bezalel's father.

²¹Later when Hezron was 60 years old, he married Makir's daughter. Makir was the father of Gilead. Hezron had sexual relations with Makir's daughter, and she gave birth to Segub. ²²Segub was Jair's father. Jair had 23 cities in the country of Gilead. ²³But Geshur and Aram took Jair's villages. Among them were Kenath and the small towns around it. There were 60 small towns in all. All these

*a***2:3** *Bathshua* This name means "the daughter of Shua." See Gen. 38:2.

^b**2:4** Judah had sexual relations with his own

daughter-in-law, Tamar, and caused her to be pregnant. See Gen. 38:12–30.

c2:7 Achar Or "Achan." See Josh. 7:11.

d2:9 Caleb Literally, "Kelubai."

e2:10 Nahshon ... Judah Nahshon was leader of the tribe of Judah at the time the Israelites came out of Egypt. See Num. 1:7; 2:3; 7:12.

⁷**2:18** Or "Caleb had children with Azubah his wife and with Jerioth."

towns belonged to the sons of Makir, the father of Gilead.

²⁴After Hezron died in the town of Caleb Ephrathah, his wife Abijah had his son, who was named Ashhur. Ashhur was the father of Tekoa.

Jerahmeel's Descendants

²⁵Jerahmeel was Hezron's first son. Jerahmeel's sons were Ram, Bunah, Oren, Ozem, and Ahijah. Ram was Jerahmeel's first son. ²⁶Jerahmeel had another wife named Atarah. Onam's mother was Atarah.

²⁷Jerahmeel's first son, Ram, had sons. They were Maaz, Jamin, and Eker.

²⁸Onam's sons were Shammai and Jada. Shammai's sons were Nadab and Abishur.

 $^{29}\mbox{Abishur's}$ wife was named Abihail. They had two sons. Their names were Ahban and Molid.

³⁰Nadab's sons were Seled and Appaim. Seled died without having children.

³¹Appaim's son was Ishi. Ishi's son was Sheshan. Sheshan's son was Ahlai.

³²Jada was Shammai's brother. Jada's sons were Jether and Jonathan. Jether died without having children.

³³Jonathan's sons were Peleth and Zaza. This was the list of Jerahmeel's children.

³⁴Sheshan did not have sons. He only had daughters. Sheshan had a servant from Egypt named Jarha. ³⁵Sheshan let his daughter marry Jarha. They had a son. His name was Attai.

³⁶Attai was Nathan's father. Nathan was Zabad's father. ³⁷Zabad was Ephlal's father. Ephlal was Obed's father. ³⁸Obed was Jehu's father. Jehu was Azariah's father. ³⁹Azariah was Helez's father. Helez was Eleasah's father. ⁴⁰Eleasah was Sismai's father. Sismai was Shallum's father. ⁴¹Shallum was Jekamiah's father, and Jekamiah was Elishama's father.

Caleb's Family

⁴²Caleb was Jerahmeel's brother. Caleb had some sons. His first son was Mesha. Mesha was Ziph's father. There was also Caleb's son Mareshah. Mareshah was the father of Hebron.

⁴³Hebron's sons were Korah, Tappuah, Rekem, and Shema. ⁴⁴Shema was Raham's father. Raham was Jorkeam's father. Rekem was Shammai's father. ⁴⁵Shammai's son was Maon. Maon was Beth Zur's father.

⁴⁶Caleb's slave woman* was named Ephah. Ephah was the mother of Haran, Moza, and Gazez. Haran was Gazez's father.

⁴⁷Jahdai's sons were Regem, Jotham, Geshan, Pelet, Ephah, and Shaaph.

⁴⁸Maacah was another slave woman of Caleb. Maacah was the mother of Sheber and Tirhana. ⁴⁹Maacah was also the mother of Shaaph and Sheva. Shaaph was Madmannah's father. Sheva was the father of Macbenah and Gibea. Caleb's daughter was Acsah. ⁵⁰This is a list of Caleb's descendants: Hur was Caleb's first son. He was born to Ephrathah. Hur's sons were Shobal, the founder^o of Kiriath Jearim, ⁵¹Salma, the founder of Bethlehem, and Hareph, the founder of Beth Gader.

⁵²Shobal was the founder of Kiriath Jearim. This is a list of Shobal's descendants: Haroeh, half the people in Manahti, ⁵³and the tribes from Kiriath Jearim. These are the Ithrites, Puthites, Shumathites, and Mishraites. The Zorathites and the Eshtaolites came from the Mishraites.

⁵⁴This is a list of Salma's descendants: the people from Bethlehem, Netophah, Atroth Beth Joab, half the people from Manahti, the Zorites, ⁵⁵and the families of scribes* who lived at Jabez, Tirath, Shimeath, and Sucah. These scribes are the Kenites who came from Hammath. Hammath was the founder of Beth Recab.

David's Sons

3 'Some of David's sons were born in the town of Hebron. This is a list of David's sons:

David's first son was Amnon. Amnon's mother was Ahinoam. She was from the town of Jezreel.

The second son was Daniel. His mother was Abigail from Carmel in Judah.

²The third son was Absalom. His mother was Maacah, daughter of Talmai. Talmai was the king of Geshur.

The fourth son was Adonijah. His mother was Haggith.

³The fifth son was Shephatiah. His mother was Abital.

The sixth son was Ithream. His mother was Eglah, David's wife. ⁴These six sons were born to David in Hebron.

David ruled as king in Hebron for seven years and six months. He ruled as king in Jerusalem 33 years.

⁵These are the children born to David in Jerusalem:

There were four sons from Bathsheba,^b the daughter of Ammiel. They were Shimea, Shobab, Nathan, and Solomon. ⁶⁻⁸There were nine other sons. They were Ibhar, Elishua, Eliphelet, Nogah, Nepheg, Japhia, Elishama, Eliada, and Eliphelet. ⁹They were all David's sons. Their sister was named Tamar. David also had other sons by his slave women.^{*}

Kings of Judah After David's Time

¹⁰Solomon'sson was Rehoboam. Rehoboam's son was Abijah. Abijah's son was Asa. Asa's son was Jehoshaphat. ¹¹Jehoshaphat's son was Jehoram. Jehoram's son was Ahaziah. Ahaziah's son was Joash. ¹²Joash's son was Amaziah. Amaziah's son was Azariah. Azariah's

a**2:50** *founder* Literally, "father." The person who started the city.

^b**3:5** Bathsheba The standard Hebrew text has "Bathshua." son was Jotham. ¹³Jotham's son was Ahaz. Ahaz's son was Hezekiah. Hezekiah's son was Manasseh. ¹⁴Manasseh's son was Amon. Amon's son was Josiah.

¹⁵This is a list of Josiah's sons: The first son was Johanan. The second son was Jehoiakim. The third son was Zedekiah. The fourth son was Shallum.

¹⁶Jehoiakim's sons were Jehoiachin, his son, and Zedekiah, his son.^c

David's Family After Babylonian Captivity

¹⁷This is a list of Jehoiachin's children after Jehoiachin became a prisoner in Babylon: His children were Shealtiel, ¹⁸Malkiram, Pedaiah, Shenazzar, Jekamiah, Hoshama, and Nedabiah.

¹⁹Pedaiah's sons were Zerubbabel and Shimei. Zerubbabel's sons were Meshullam and Hananiah. Shelomith was their sister. ²⁰Zerubbabel had five other sons also. Their names were Hashubah, Ohel, Berekiah, Hasadiah, and Jushab Hesed.

²¹Hananiah's son was Pelatiah. His son was Jeshaiah.^d His son was Rephaiah. His son was Arnan. His son was Obadiah. His son was Shecaniah.^e

²²This is a list of Shecaniah's descendants: Shemaiah. Shemaiah had six sons: Shemaiah, Hattush, Igal, Bariah, Neariah, and Shaphat.

²³Neariah had three sons. They were Elioenai, Hizkiah, and Azrikam.

²⁴Elioenai had seven sons. They were Hodaviah, Eliashib, Pelaiah, Akkub, Johanan, Delaiah, and Anani.

Other Family Groups of Judah

4 ¹This is a list of Judah's sons: They were Perez, Hezron, Carmi, Hur, and Shobal.

²Shobai's son was Reaiah. Reaiah was Jahath's father. Jahath was the father of Ahumai and Lahad. The Zorathites are descendants of Ahumai and Lahad.

³Etam's sons were Jezreel, Ishma, and Idbash. And they had a sister named Hazzelelponi.

⁴Penuel was Gedor's father, and Ezer was Hushah's father.

These were Hur's sons. Hur was Ephrathah's first son, and Ephrathah was the founder^f of Bethlehem.

⁵Tekoa's father was Ashhur. Ashhur had two wives. Their names were Helah and Naarah. ⁶Naarah had Ahuzzam, Hepher, Temeni, and Haahashtari. These were the sons Naarah had with Ashhur. ⁷The sons of Helah were Zereth, Zohar, Ethnan, and Koz. ⁸Koz was the father

e3:21 The Hebrew text here is hard to understand.
f4:4 founder Literally, "father." The person who started the city. Also in verse 14.

c3:16 This can be interpreted in two ways: "This Zedekiah was the son of Jehoiakim and the brother of Jehoiachin" or "This Zedekiah is the son of Jehoiachin and the grandson of Jehoiakim."

d3:21 Jeshaiah Or "Isaiah."

of Anub and Hazzobebah. Koz also was the father of the tribes of Aharhel. Aharhel was Harum's son.

⁹Jabez was a very good man, who was better than his brothers. His mother said, "I have named him Jabez^a because I was in much pain when I had him." ¹⁰Jabez prayed to the God of Israel and said, "I pray that you would bless me and give me more land! Be near me and don't let anyone hurt me! Then I will not have any pain." God gave Jabez what he asked for.

¹¹Kelub was Shuhah's brother. Kelub was Mehir's father. Mehir was Eshton's father. ¹²Eshton was the father of Beth Rapha, Paseah, and Tehinnah. Tehinnah was the father of Ir Nahash.^b These men were from Recah.

¹³The sons of Kenaz were Othniel and Seraiah. Othniel's sons were Hathath and Meonothai. ¹⁴Meonothai was Ophrah's father.

And Seraiah was Joab's father. Joab was the founder of the Ge Harashim.^c The people used that name because they were skilled workers.

¹⁵Caleb was Jephunneh's son. Caleb's sons were Iru, Elah, and Naam. Elah's son was Kenaz.

¹⁶Jehallelel's sons were Ziph, Ziphah, Tiria, and Asarel.

¹⁷⁻¹⁸Ezrah's sons were Jether, Mered, Epher, and Jalon. Mered was the father of Miriam, Shammai, and Ishbah. Ishbah was the father of Eshtemoa. Mered had a wife from Egypt. She had Jered, Heber, and Jekuthiel. Jered was Gedor's father. Heber was Soco's father. And Jekuthiel was Zanoah's father. These were the sons of Bithiah. Bithiah was Pharaoh's daughter. She was Mered's wife from Egypt.

¹⁹Mered's wife was Naham's sister. Mered's wife was from Judah.^d The sons of Mered's wife were the father of Keilah and Eshtemoa. Keilah was from the Garmites. And Eshtemoa was from the Maacathites. ²⁰Shimon's sons were Amnon, Rinnah, Ben Hanan, and Tilon.

Ishi's sons were Zoheth and Ben Zoheth.

^{21–22}Shelah was Judah's son. Shelah's sons were Er, Laadah, Jokim, the men from Cozeba, Joash, and Saraph. Er was the father of Lecah. Laadah was the father of Mareshah and the tribes of linen* workers at Beth Ashbea. Joash and Saraph married Moabite women. Then they went back to Bethlehem.^e The writings about this family are very old. ²³These sons of Shelah were workers who made things from clay. They lived in Netaim and Gederah and worked for the king.

*a***4:9** *Jabez* This name is like the Hebrew word meaning "pain."

b4:12 Tehinnah ... Ir Nahash Or "Tehinnah was the founder of the city of Nahash." Ir means "city."
c4:14 Ge Harashim This name also means "Valley of

the Skilled Workers." d4:19 Mered's wife ... was from Judah This is from

4:19 Mered's wife ... was from Judah This is from the ancient Greek version.

e4:21-22 married ... Bethlehem Or "They ruled in Moab and Jashubi Lehem."

Simeon's Children

²⁴Simeon's sons were Nemuel, Jamin, Jarib, Zerah, and Shaul. ²⁵Shaul's son was Shallum. Shallum's son was Mibsam. Mibsam's son was Mishma.

²⁶Mishma's son was Hammuel. Hammuel's son was Zaccur. Zaccur's son was Shimei. ²⁷Shimei had sixteen sons and six daughters, but Shimei's brothers did not have many children. Shimei's brothers did not have large families. Their families were not as large as the other tribes in Judah.

²⁸Shimei's descendants lived in Beersheba, Moladah, Hazar Shual, ²⁹Bilhah, Ezem, Tolad, ³⁰Bethuel, Hormah, Ziklag, ³¹Beth Marcaboth, Hazar Susim, Beth Biri, and Shaaraim. They lived in these towns until David became king. ³²The five villages near these towns were Etam, Ain, Rimmon, Token, and Ashan. ³³There were also other villages as far away as Baalath. This is where they lived. And they also wrote the history about their family.

^{34–38}This is the list of men who were leaders of their tribes: They were Meshobab, Jamlech, Joshah (Amaziah's son), Joel, Jehu son of Joshibiah, Joshibiah son of Seraiah, Seraiah son of Asiel, Elioenai, Jaakobah, Jeshohaiah, Asaiah, Adiel, Jesimiel, Benaiah, and Ziza (Shiphi's son). Shiphi was Allon's son, and Allon was Jedaiah's son. Jedaiah was Shimri's son, and Shimri was Shemaiah's son.

These men's families grew to be very large. ³⁹They went to the area outside the town of Gedor to the east side of the valley. They went to that place to look for fields for their sheep and cattle. 40They found good fields with plenty of grass. They found plenty of good land there. The land was peaceful and quiet. Ham's descendants lived there in the past. ⁴¹This happened during the time that Hezekiah was king of Judah. These men came to Gedor and fought against the Hamites. They destroyed the tents of the Hamites. They also fought against the Meunites who lived there. These men destroyed all the Meunites. There are no Meunites in this place even today. So these men began to live there. They lived there because the land had grass for their sheep.

⁴²Five hundred people from the tribe of Simeon went to the hill country of Seir. Ishi's sons led these men. The sons were Pelatiah, Neariah, Rephaiah, and Uzziel. The Simeonite men fought against the people living in that place. ⁴³There were only a few Amalekites still living, and these Simeonites killed them. Since that time until now, the Simeonites have lived in Seir.

Reuben's Descendants

5¹⁻³Reuben was Israel's first son. Reuben should have received the special privileges of the oldest son. But he had sexual relations with his father's wife. So those privileges were given to Joseph's sons. In the family history, Reuben's name is not listed as the first son. Judah became stronger than his brothers, so the leaders came from his family. But Joseph's family got the other privileges that belong to the oldest son. Reuben's sons were Hanoch, Pallu, Hezron, and Carmi.

⁴These are the names of Joel's descendants: Shemaiah was Joel's son. Gog was Shemaiah's son. Shimei was Gog's son. ⁵Micah was Shimei's son. Reaiah was Micah's son. Baal was Reaiah's son. ⁶Beerah was Baal's son. King Tiglath Pileser of Assyria forced Beerah to leave his home. So Beerah became the king's prisoner. Beerah was a leader of the tribe of Reuben.

⁷Joel's brothers and all his tribes are listed just as they are written in the family histories: Jeiel was the first son, then Zechariah, ⁸and Bela. Bela was Azaz's son. Azaz was Shema's son. Shema was Joel's son. They lived in the area of Aroer all the way to Nebo and Baal Meon. ⁹Bela's people lived to the east as far as the edge of the desert, near the Euphrates River. They lived there because they had many cattle in the land of Gilead. ¹⁰When Saul was king, Bela's people fought a war against the Hagrites. They defeated the Hagrites. Bela's people lived in the tents that had belonged to the Hagrites. They lived in those tents and traveled throughout the area east of Gilead.

Gad's Descendants

¹¹The people of Gad lived across the river from Reuben, in the area of Bashan. They spread all the way to the town of Salecah. ¹²Joel was the first leader in Bashan. Shapham was the second leader. Then Janai became the leader.^{*a*} ¹³The seven brothers in their families were Michael, Meshullam, Sheba, Jorai, Jacan, Zia, and Eber. ¹⁴They were the descendants of Abihail. Abihail was Huri's son. Huri was Jaroah's son. Jaroah was Gilead's son. Gilead was Michael's son. Michael was Jeshishai's son. Jeshishai was Jahdo's son. Jahdo was Buz's son. ¹⁵Ahi was Abdiel's son. Abdiel was Guni's son. Ahi was the leader of their family.

¹⁶The people in the tribe of Gad lived in the area of Gilead. They lived in the area of Bashan, in the small towns around Bashan, and in all the pastures in the area of Sharon all the way to the borders.

¹⁷During the time of Jotham and Jeroboam, all these people's names were written in the family history of Gad. Jotham was the king of Judah and Jeroboam was the king of Israel.

Some Soldiers Skilled in War

¹⁸From half the tribe of Manasseh and from the tribes of Reuben and Gad there were 44,760 brave men ready for war. They were skilled in war. They carried shields and swords. And they were also good with bows

a**5:12** *Then Janai became the leader* Or "Then there was Janai, and then Shaphat was in Bashan."

and arrows. 19They started a war against the Hagrites and the people of Jetur, Naphish, and Nodab. ²⁰The men from the tribes of Manasseh, Reuben, and Gad prayed to God during the war. They asked God to help them because they trusted him, so God helped them. He allowed them to defeat the Hagrites and those who were with the Hagrites. ²¹They took the animals that belonged to the Hagrites. They took 50,000 camels, 250,000 sheep, 2000 donkeys, and 100,000 people. ²²Many Hagrites were killed because God helped the people of Reuben win the war. Then the tribes of Manasseh, Reuben, and Gad settled in the land of the Hagrites. They lived there until the time when the Israelites were taken into captivity.

²³Half the tribe of Manasseh lived in the area of Bashan all the way to Baal Hermon, Senir, and Mount Hermon. They became a very large group of people.

²⁴These were the family leaders from half the tribe of Manasseh: Epher, Ishi, Eliel, Azriel, Jeremiah, Hodaviah, and Jahdiel. They were all strong, brave, and famous men, and they were leaders in their families. ²⁵But they sinned against the God who their ancestors* worshiped. They began worshiping the false gods of the people living there—and those were the people God destroyed.

²⁶The God of Israel made King Pul of Assyria want to go to war. He was also called Tiglath Pileser. He fought against the tribes of Manasseh, Reuben, and Gad. He forced them to leave their homes and made them prisoners. Pul took them to Halah, Habor, Hara, and near the Gozan River. Those tribes from Israel have lived in those places since that time until today.

Levi's Descendants

6¹Levi's sons were Gershon, Kohath, and Merari.

²Kohath's sons were Amram, Izhar, Hebron, and Uzziel.

³Amram's children were Aaron, Moses, and Miriam.

Aaron's sons were Nadab, Abihu, Eleazar, and Ithamar. ⁴Eleazar was Phinehas' father. Phinehas was Abishua's father. ⁵Abishua was Bukki's father. Bukki was Uzzi's father. 6Uzzi was Zerahiah's father. Zerahiah was Meraioth's father. 7Meraioth was Amariah's father. Amariah was Ahitub's father. 8Ahitub was Zadok's father. Zadok was Ahimaaz's father. 9Ahimaaz was Azariah's father. Azariah was Johanan's father. 10Johanan was Azariah's father. (Azariah is the one who served as priest in the Temple that Solomon built in Jerusalem.) ¹¹Azariah was Amariah's father. Amariah was Ahitub's father. ¹²Ahitub was Zadok's father. Zadok was Shallum's father. 13Shallum was Hilkiah's father. Hilkiah was Azariah's father. ¹⁴Azariah was Seraiah's father. Seraiah was Jehozadak's father.

¹⁵Jehozadak was forced to leave his home when the Lopp sent the people of Judah and Jerusalem away. Through Nebuchadnezzar the Lord caused them all to be made prisoners in another country.

Other Descendants of Levi

¹⁶Levi's sons were Gershon, Kohath, and Merari.

¹⁷The names of Gershon's sons were Libni and Shimei.

¹⁸Kohath's sons were Amram, Izhar, Hebron, and Uzziel.

¹⁹Merari's sons were Mahli and Mushi.

This is a list of the families in the tribe of Levi. They are listed with their fathers' names first:

²⁰These were Gershon's descendants: Libni was Gershon's son. Jahath was Libni's son. Zimmah was Jahath's son. ²¹Joah was Zimmah's son. Iddo was Joah's son. Zerah was Iddo's son. Jeatherai was Zerah's son.

²²These were Kohath's descendants: Amminadab was Kohath's son. Korah was Amminadab's son. Assir was Korah's son. ²³Elkanah was Assir's son. Ebiasaph was Elkanah's son. Assir was Ebiasaph's son. ²⁴Tahath was Assir's son. Uriel was Tahath's son. Uzziah was Uriel's son. Shaul was Uzziah's son.

²⁵Elkanah's sons were Amasai and Ahimoth. ²⁶Zophai was Elkanah's son. Nahath was Zophai's son. ²⁷Eliab was Nahath's son. Jeroham was Eliab's son. Elkanah was Jeroham's son. Samuel was Elkanah's son. ²⁸Samuel's sons were his oldest son Joel, and Abijah.

²⁹These are Merari's sons: Mahli was Merari's son, Libni was Mahli's son, Shimei was Libni's son, and Uzzah was Shimei's son. ³⁰Shimea was Uzzah's son. Haggiah was Shimea's son. Asaiah was Haggiah's son.

The Temple Musicians

³¹These are the men David chose to take care of the music at the tent of the Lord's house after the Box of the Agreement^{*} was put there. ³²These men served by singing at the Holy Tent.^{*} The Holy Tent is also called the Meeting Tent. These men served until Solomon built the Lord's Temple^{*} in Jerusalem. They served by following the rules given to them for their work.

³³These are the names of the men and their sons who served with music:

The descendants from the Kohath family were Heman the singer who was Joel's son; Joel was Samuel's son; ³⁴Samuel was Elkanah's son; Elkanah was Jeroham's son; Jeroham was Eliel's son; Eliel was Toah's son; ³⁵Toah was Zuph's son; Zuph was Elkanah's son; Elkanah was Mahath's son; Mahath was Amasai's son; ³⁶Amasai was Elkanah's son; Elkanah was Joel's son; Joel was Azariah's son; Azariah was Zephaniah's son; ³⁷Zephaniah was Tahath's son; Tahath was Assir's son; Asir was Ebiasaph's son; Ebiasabh was Korah's son; ³⁸Korah was Izhar's son; Izhar was Kohath's son; Kohath was Levi's son; Levi was Israel's^{*} son.

³⁹Heman's relative was Asaph. Asaph served by Heman's right side. Asaph was Berekiah's son. Berekiah's was Shimea's son. ⁴⁰Shimea was Michael's son. Michael was Baaseiah's son. Baaseiah was Malkijah's son. ⁴¹Malkijah was Ethni's son. Ethni was Zerah's son. Zerah was Adaiah's son. ⁴²Adaiah was Ethan's son. Ethan was Zimmah's son. Zimmah was Shimei's son. ⁴³Shimei was Jahath's son. Jahath was Gershon's son. Gershon was Levi's son.

⁴⁴Merari's descendants were the relatives of Heman and Asaph. They were the singing group on Heman's left side. Ethan was Kishi's son. Kishi was Abdi's son. Abdi was Malluch's son. ⁴⁵Malluch was Hashabiah's son. Hashabiah was Amaziah's son. Amaziah was Hilkiah's son. ⁴⁶Hilkiah was Amzi's son. Amzi was Bani's son. Bani was Shemer's son. ⁴⁷Shemer was Mahli's son. Mahli was Mushi's son. Mushi was Merari's son. Merari was Levi's son.

⁴⁸Heman and Asaph's brothers were from the tribe of Levi. The tribe of Levi was also called Levites.^{*} The Levites were chosen to do the work in the Holy Tent. The Holy Tent was God's house. ⁴⁹But only Aaron's descendants were permitted to burn incense* on the altar* of burnt offering* and on the altar of incense. Aaron's descendants did all the work in the Most Holy Place* in God's house. They also did the ceremonies to make the Israelites pure.* They followed all the rules and laws that Moses, God's servant, commanded.

Aaron's Descendants

⁵⁰These were Aaron's sons: Eleazar was Aaron's son. Phinehas was Eleazar's son. Abishua was Phinehas' son. ⁵¹Bukki was Abishua's son. Uzzi was Bukki's son. Zerahiah was Uzzi's son. ⁵²Meraioth was Zerahiah's son. Amaraiah was Meraioth's son. Ahitub was Amariah's son. ⁵³Zadok was Ahitub's son. Ahimaaz was Zadok's son.

Homes for the Levite Families

⁵⁴These are the places where Aaron's descendants lived. They lived in their camps in the land that was given to them. The Kohath families got the first share of the land that was given to the Levites.^{* 55}They were given the town of Hebron and the fields around it. This was in the area of Judah. ⁵⁶But the fields farther from town and the villages near the town of Hebron were given to Caleb son of Jephunneh. ⁵⁷The descendants of Aaron were given the city of Hebron. Hebron was a city of safety.^a They were also given the cities

a6:57 city of safety A special city where an Israelite could run to in order to escape the angry relatives of a person who was accidentally killed by that Israelite. See Num. 35:6–34 and Josh. 20:1–9. Also in verse 67.

Thirteen cities were given to the Kohath families.

⁶¹The rest of Kohath's descendants got ten towns from half the tribe of Manasseh.

⁶²The tribes that were the descendants of Gershon got 13 cities. They got the cities from the tribes of Issachar, Asher, Naphtali, and the part of Manasseh living in the area of Bashan.

⁶³The tribes that were the descendants of Merari got 12 cities. They got the cities from the tribes of Reuben, Gad, and Zebulun. They got them by throwing lots.*

⁶⁴So the Israelites gave those towns and fields to the Levites. ⁶⁵All those cities came from the tribes of Judah, Simeon, and Benjamin. They decided which Levite family got which city by throwing lots.

⁶⁶The tribe of Ephraim gave some of the Kohath families some towns. Those towns were chosen by throwing lots. ⁶⁷They were given the city of Shechem. Shechem is a city of safety. They were also given the towns of Gezer, ⁶⁸Jokmeam, Beth Horon, ⁶⁹Aijalon, and Gath Rimmon. They also got fields with those towns. Those towns were in the hill country of Ephraim. ⁷⁰And from half the tribe of Manasseh, the Israelites gave the towns of Aner and Bileam to the Kohath families. The Kohath families also got fields with those towns.

Other Levite Families Get Homes

⁷¹The Gershon families got the towns of Golan in the area of Bashan and Ashtaroth from half the tribe of Manasseh. They also got the fields near those towns.

⁷²⁻⁷³The Gershon families also got the towns of Kedesh, Daberath, Ramoth, and Gannim from the tribe of Issachar. They also got the fields near those towns.

⁷⁴⁻⁷⁵The Gershon families also got the towns of Mashal, Abdon, Hukok, and Rehob from the tribe of Asher. They also got the fields near those towns.

⁷⁶The Gershon families also got the towns of Kedesh in Galilee, Hammon, and Kiriathaim from the tribe of Naphtali. They also got the fields near those towns.

⁷⁷The rest of the Levites,* from the Merari families, got the towns of Jokneam, Kartah, Rimmono, and Tabor from the tribe of Zebulun. They also got the fields near those towns.

^{78–79}The Merari families also got the towns of Bezer in the desert, Jahzah, Kedemoth, and Mephaath from the tribe of Reuben. The tribe of Reuben lived on the east side of the Jordan River, east of the city of Jericho. These Merari families also got the fields near those towns.

⁸⁰⁻⁸¹And the Merari families got the towns of Ramoth in Gilead, Mahanaim, Heshbon, and Jazer from the tribe of Gad. They also got the fields near those towns.

Issachar's Descendants

7 ¹Issachar had four sons. Their names were Tola, Puah, Jashub, and Shimron.

²Tola's sons were Uzzi, Rephaiah, Jeriel, Jahmai, Ibsam, and Samuel. They were all leaders of their families. Those men and their descendants were strong soldiers. Their families grew. By the time David was king, there were 22,600 men ready for war.

³Uzzi's son was Izrahiah. Izrahiah's sons were Michael, Obadiah, Joel, and Isshiah. All five of them were leaders of their families. ⁴Their family history shows they had 36,000 soldiers ready for war. They had a large family because they had many wives and children.

⁵The family history shows there were 87,000 strong soldiers in all the tribes of Issachar.

Benjamin's Descendants

⁶Benjamin had three sons. Their names were Bela, Beker, and Jediael.

⁷Bela had five sons. Their names were Ezbon, Uzzi, Uzziel, Jerimoth, and Iri. They were leaders of their families. Their family history shows they had 22,034 soldiers.

⁸Beker's sons were Zemirah, Joash, Eliezer, Elioenai, Omri, Jeremoth, Abijah, Anathoth, and Alemeth. They all were Beker's children. ⁹Their family history shows who the family leaders were. And it also shows they had 20,200 soldiers.

¹⁰Jediael's son was Bilhan. Bilhan's sons were Jeush, Benjamin, Ehud, Kenaanah, Zethan, Tarshish, and Ahishahar. ¹¹All of Jediael's sons were leaders of their families. They had 17,200 soldiers ready for war.

¹²The Shuppites and Huppites were the descendants of Ir. Hushim was the son of Aher.

Naphtali's Descendants

¹³Naphtali's sons were Jahziel, Guni, Jezer, and Shallum.

And these are the descendants of Bilhah.^a

Manasseh's Descendants

¹⁴These are Manasseh's descendants:

Manasseh's Aramean slave woman* had a son named Asriel. She also bore Makir, the father of Gilead. ¹⁵Makir married a woman from the Huppites and Shuppites. Makir's sister was named Maacah. The name of the second was Zelophehad, who had only daughters. ¹⁶Makir's wife Maacah had a son.

a7:13 *Bilhah* Jacob's slave woman and the mother of Dan and Naphtali. See Gen. 30:4–8.

She named this son Peresh. His brother was named Sheresh. The sons of Sheresh were Ulam and Rakem.

¹⁷Ulam's son was Bedan.

These were the descendants of Gilead. Gilead was Makir's son. Makir was Manasseh's son. ¹⁸Makir's sister Hammoleketh^{*a*} had Ishhod, Abiezer, and Mahlah.

¹⁹Shemida's sons were Ahian, Shechem, Likhi, and Aniam.

Ephraim's Descendants

²⁰These were the names of Ephraim's descendants. Ephraim's son was Shuthelah. Shuthelah's son was Bered. Bered's son was Tahath. ²¹Tahath's son was Eleadah. Eleadah's son was Tahath. Tahath's son was Zabad. Zabad's son was Shuthelah.

Some men who grew up in the city of Gath killed Ezer and Elead. This happened because Ezer and Elead went there to steal cattle and sheep from those men in Gath. ²²Ephraim was the father of Ezer and Elead. He cried for many days because Ezer and Elead were dead. Ephraim's family came to comfort him. ²³Then Ephraim had sexual relations with his wife. She became pregnant and had a son. Ephraim named this new son Beriah^b because something bad had happened to his family. ²⁴Ephraim's daughter was Sheerah. Sheerah built Lower Beth Horon and Upper Beth Horon and Lower Uzzen Sheerah and Upper Uzzen Sheerah.

²⁵Rephah was Ephraim's son. Resheph was Rephah's son. Telah was Resheph's son. Tahan was Telah's son. ²⁶Ladan was Tahan's son. Ammihud was Ladan's son. Elishama was Ammihud's son. ²⁷Nun was Elishama's son. Joshua was Nun's son.

²⁸These are the cities and lands where Ephraim's descendants lived: Bethel and the villages near it, Naaran to the east, Gezer and the villages near it on the west, and Shechem and the villages near it all the way to Ayyah and the villages near it. ²⁹Along the borders of Manasseh's land were the towns of Beth Shan, Taanach, Megiddo, and Dor, and the small towns near them. The descendants of Joseph lived in these towns. Joseph was the son of Israel.^{*}

Asher's Descendants

³⁰Asher's sons were Imnah, Ishvah, Ishvi, and Beriah. Their sister was named Serah.

³¹Beriah's sons were Heber and Malkiel. Malkiel was Birzaith's father.

³²Heber was the father of Japhlet, Shomer, Hotham, and of their sister Shua.

³³Japhlet's sons were Pasach, Bimhal, and Ashvath. These were Japhlet's children.

a**7:18** Hammoleketh Or "the woman who ruled" or "gueen."

b7:23 *Beriah* This is like the Hebrew word meaning "bad" or "trouble."

³⁴Shomer's sons were Ahi, Rohgah, Jehubbah,^c and Aram.

³⁵Shomer's brother was Helem. Helem's sons were Zophah, Imna, Shelesh, and Amal.

³⁶Zophah's sons were Suah, Harnepher, Shual, Beri, Imrah, ³⁷Bezer, Hod, Shamma, Shilshah, Ithran, and Beera.

³⁸Jether's sons were Jephunneh, Pispah, and Ara.

³⁹Ulla's sons were Arah, Hanniel, and Rizia.

⁴⁰All these men were descendants of Asher. They were leaders of their families. They were the best men. They were soldiers and great leaders. Their family history shows 26,000 soldiers ready for war.

The Family History of King Saul

8¹Benjamin was Bela's father. Bela was Benjamin's first son. Ashbel was Benjamin's second son. Aharah was Benjamin's third son. ²Nohah was Benjamin's fourth son. And Rapha was Benjamin's fifth son.

^{3–5}Bela's sons were Addar, Gera, Abihud, Abishua, Naaman, Ahoah, Gera, Shephuphan, and Huram.

^{6–7}These were the descendants of Ehud. They were leaders of their families in Geba. They were forced to leave their homes and move to Manahath. Ehud's descendants were Naaman, Ahijah, and Gera. Gera forced them to leave their homes. He was the father of Uzza and Ahihud.

⁸Shaharaim divorced his wives Hushim and Baara in Moab. After he did this he had some children with another wife. ⁹⁻¹⁰Shaharaim had Jobab, Zibia, Mesha, Malcam, Jeuz, Sakia, and Mirmah with his wife Hodesh. They were leaders of their families. ¹¹Shaharaim and Hushim had two sons named Abitub and Elpaal.

¹²⁻¹³Elpaal's sons were Eber, Misham, Shemed, Beriah, and Shema. Shemed built the towns of Ono and Lod and the small towns around Lod. Beriah and Shema were the leaders of the families living in Aijalon. They forced the people who lived in Gath to leave.

¹⁴Beriah's sons were Shashak and Jeremoth, ¹⁵Zebadiah, Arad, Eder, ¹⁶Michael, Ishpah, and Joha. ¹⁷Elpaal's sons were Zebadiah, Meshullam, Hizki, Heber, ¹⁸Ishmerai, Izliah, and Jobab.

¹⁹Shimei's sons were Jakim, Zicri, Zabdi, ²⁰Elienai, Zillethai, Eliel, ²¹Adaiah, Beraiah, and Shimrath.

²²Shashak's sons were Ishpan, Eber, Eliel,
 ²³Abdon, Zicri, Hanan,
 ²⁴Hananiah, Elam,
 Anthothijah,
 ²⁵Iphdeiah, and Penuel.

²⁶Jeroham's sons were Shamsherai, Shehariah, Athaliah, ²⁷Jaareshiah, Elijah, and Zicri.

²⁸All these men were leaders of their families. They were listed in their family histories

c7:34 Jehubbah Or "Hubbah."

as leaders. They lived in Jerusalem.

²⁹Jeiel was Gibeon's father. He and his wife, Maacah, lived in the town of Gibeon. ³⁰His oldest son was Abdon. Other sons were Zur, Kish, Baal, Ner, Nadab, ³¹Gedor, Ahio, Zeker, Land Mikloth_J. ³²Mikloth was the father of Shimeah. These sons also lived near their relatives in Jerusalem.

³³Ner was Kish's father. Kish was Saul's father, and Saul was the father of Jonathan, Malki Shua, Abinadab, and Esh Baal.

³⁴Jonathan's son was Merib Baal. Merib Baal was Micah's father.

³⁵Micah's sons were Pithon, Melech, Tarea, and Ahaz.

³⁶Ahaz was Jehoaddah's father. Jehoaddah was the father of Alemeth, Azmaveth, and Zimri. Zimri was Moza's father. ³⁷Moza was Binea's father. Raphah was Binea's son. Eleasah was Raphah's son. And Azel was Eleasah's son.

³⁸Azel had six sons. Their names were Azrikam, Bokeru, Ishmael, Sheariah, Obadiah, and Hanan. All these sons were Azel's children.

³⁹Azel's brother was Eshek. Eshek had some sons. These were Eshek's sons: Ulam was Azel's oldest son. Jeush was Eshek's second son. Eliphelet was Eshek's third son. ⁴⁰Ulam's sons were strong soldiers who were very good with bows and arrows. They had many sons and grandsons. In all, there were 150 sons and grandsons.

All these men were descendants of Benjamin.

9¹The names of all the Israelites were listed in their family histories. Those family histories were put in the book, *The History* of the Kings of Israel.

The People in Jerusalem

The people of Judah were made prisoners and forced to go to Babylon. They were taken there because they were not faithful to God. ²The first people to come back and live in their own lands and towns were some Israelites, priests, Levites,* and servants who work in the Temple.*

³These are the people from the tribes of Judah, Benjamin, Ephraim, and Manasseh who lived in Jerusalem:

⁴Uthai was Ammihud's son. Ammihud was Omri's son. Omri was Imri's son. Imri was Bani's son. Bani was a descendant of Perez. Perez was Judah's son.

⁵The Shilonites who lived in Jerusalem were Asaiah the oldest son and his sons.

⁶The Zerahites who lived in Jerusalem were Jeuel and their relatives. There were 690 of them in all.

⁷These are the people from the tribe of Benjamin who lived in Jerusalem: Sallu was Meshullam's son. Meshullam was Hodaviah's son. Hodaviah was Hassenuah's son. ⁸Ibneiah was Jeroham's son. Elah was Uzzi's son. Uzzi was Micri's son. And Meshullam was Shephatiah's son. Shephatiah was Reuel's son. Reuel was Ibnijah's son. ⁹The family history of Benjamin shows there were 956 of them living in Jerusalem. All these men were leaders in their families.

¹⁰These are the priests who lived in Jerusalem: Jedaiah, Jehoiarib, Jakin, and ¹¹Azariah. Azariah was Hilkiah's son. Hilkiah was Meshullam's son. Meshullam was Zadok's son. Zadok was Meraioth's son. Meraioth was Ahitub's son. Ahitub was the important official responsible for God's Temple. ¹²Also there was Jeroham's son, Adaiah. Jeroham was Pashhur's son. Pashhur was Malkijah's son. And there was Adiel's son, Maasai. Adiel was Jahzerah's son. Jahzerah was Meshullam's son. Meshullam was Meshillemith's son. Meshillemith was Immer's son.

¹³There were 1760 priests. They were leaders of their families. They were responsible for the work of serving in God's Temple.

¹⁴These are the people from the tribe of Levi who lived in Jerusalem: Hasshub's son, Shemaiah. Hasshub was Azrikam's son. Azrikam was Hashabiah's son. Hashabiah was a descendant of Merari. ¹⁵Also living in Jerusalem were Bakbakkar, Heresh, Galal, and Mattaniah. Mattaniah was Mica's son. Mica was Zicri's son. Zicri was Asaph's son. ¹⁶Obadiah was Shemaiah's son. Shemaiah was Gala's son. Galal was Jeduthun's son. Berekiah was Asa's son. Asa was Elkanah's son. Berekiah lived in the small towns near the people of Netophah.

¹⁷These are the gatekeepers who lived in Jerusalem: Shallum, Akkub, Talmon, Ahiman, and their relatives. Shallum was their leader. ¹⁸Now these men stand next to the King's Gate on the east side. They were the gatekeepers from the tribe of Levi. 19Shallum was Kore's son. Kore was Ebiasaph's son. Ebiasaph was Korah's son. Shallum and his brothers were gatekeepers. They were from the family of Korah. They had the job of guarding the gates to the Holy Tent.* They did this just as their ancestors* had done before them. Their ancestors had the job of guarding the entrance to the Holy Tent. ²⁰In the past, Phinehas was in charge of the gatekeepers. Phinehas was Eleazar's son. The LORD was with Phinehas. ²¹Zechariah son of Meshelemiah was the gatekeeper at the entrance to the Holy Tent.

²²In all there were 212 men who were chosen to guard the gates of the Holy Tent. Their names were written in their family histories in their small towns. David and Samuel the seer* chose these men because they could be trusted. ²³The gatekeepers and their descendants had the responsibility of guarding the gates of the LORD's house, the Holy Tent. ²⁴There were gates on the four sides: east, west, north, and south. ²⁵The gatekeepers' relatives who lived in the small towns had to come and help them at certain times. They came and helped the gatekeepers for seven days each time.

²⁶There were four gatekeepers who were the leaders of all the gatekeepers. They were Levites. They had the job of caring for the rooms and treasures in God's Temple. ²⁷They stayed up all night guarding God's Temple, and they had the job of opening God's Temple every morning.

²⁸Some of the gatekeepers had the job of caring for the dishes used in the Temple services. They counted them when they were brought in. They also counted these dishes when they were taken out. ²⁹Other gatekeepers were chosen to care for the furniture and the special dishes. They also took care of the flour, wine, oil, incense,* and special oil.^a ³⁰But it was the priests who had the job of mixing the special oil.

³¹There was a Levite named Mattithiah who had the job of baking the bread used for the offerings. Mattithiah was Shallum's oldest son. Shallum was from the Korah family. ³²Some of the gatekeepers who were in the Korah family had the job of preparing the bread put on the table every Sabbath.*

³³The Levites who were singers and leaders of their families stayed in the rooms at the Temple. They did not have to do other work because they were responsible for the work in the Temple day and night.

³⁴All these Levites were leaders of their families. They were listed as leaders in their family histories. They lived in Jerusalem.

The Family History of King Saul

³⁵Jeiel was Gibeon's father. Jeiel lived in the town of Gibeon. His wife was named Maacah. ³⁶Jeiel's oldest son was Abdon. Other sons were Zur, Kish, Baal, Ner, Nadab, ³⁷Gedor, Ahio, Zechariah, and Mikloth. ³⁸Mikloth was Shimeam's father. Jeiel's family lived near their relatives in Jerusalem.

³⁹Ner was Kish's father. Kish was Saul's father. And Saul was the father of Jonathan, Malki Shua, Abinadab, and Esh Baal.

⁴⁰Jonathán's son was Merib Baal. Merib Baal was Micah's father.

⁴¹Micah's sons were Pithon, Melech, Tahrea, and Ahaz. ⁴²Ahaz was the father of Jadah.^b Jadah was the father of Alemeth, Azmaveth, and Zimri. Zimri was Moza's father. ⁴³Moza was the father of Binea. Rephaiah was Binea's son. Eleasah was Rephaiah's son. And Azel was Eleasah's son.

⁴⁴Azel had six sons. Their names were Azrikam, Bokeru, Ishmael, Sheariah, Obadiah, and Hanan. They were Azel's children.

The Death of King Saul

10 'The Philistines fought against the Israelites. The Israelites ran away from the Philistines. Many Israelites were killed on Mount Gilboa. ²The Philistines continued chasing Saul and his sons. They caught them and killed them. The Philistines killed Saul's sons Jonathan, Abinadab, and Malki Shua. ³The fighting was heavy around Saul. The archers* shot Saul with their arrows and wounded him.

⁴Then Saul said to his armor bearer,* "Pull out your sword and use it to kill me. Then these foreigners^c will not hurt me and make fun of me when they come."

But Saul's armor bearer was afraid. He refused to kill Saul. Then Saul used his own sword to kill himself—he fell on his sword. ⁵When the armor bearer saw that Saul was dead, he killed himself—he fell on his own sword and died. 6So Saul and three of his sons died. All of Saul's family died together.

⁷When all the Israelites living in the valley saw that their own army had run away and that Saul and his sons were dead, they left their towns and ran away. Then the Philistines came into the towns and lived in them.

⁸The next day, the Philistines came to take valuable things from the dead bodies. They found Saul's body and the bodies of his sons on Mount Gilboa. ⁹The Philistines took things from Saul's body. They took Saul's head and armor.^{*} They sent messengers through all their country to tell the news to their false gods and to their people. ¹⁰The Philistines put Saul's armor in the temple of their false gods. They hung Saul's head in the temple of Dagon.^{*}

¹¹All the people living in the town of Jabesh Gilead heard everything that the Philistines had done to Saul. ¹²All the brave men from Jabesh Gilead went to get the bodies of Saul and his sons. They brought them back to Jabesh Gilead. They buried the bones of Saul and his sons under the large tree in Jabesh. Then they showed their sadness and fasted for seven days.

¹³Saul died because he was not faithful to the LORD. He did not obey the LORD's word. Saul also went to a medium* and asked her for advice ¹⁴instead of asking the LORD. That is why the LORD killed Saul and gave the kingdom to Jesse's son David.

David Becomes King Over Israel

11 ¹All the Israelites came to David at the town of Hebron. They said to David, "We are your own flesh and blood.^d ²In the past you led us in war. You led us even

a **9:29** *special oil* Or "perfume." This might be the oil used to anoint priests, prophets, and kings. See Ex. 30:22–38.

^b**9:42** Jadah This is from the ancient Greek translation and some Hebrew copies. Most Hebrew copies have "Jarah" for "Jadah" in this verse.

C10:4 foreigners Literally, "uncircumcised." This means people who did not share in the agreement God made with Israel. See "circumcise, circumcision" in the Word List.

*d***11:1** *We are ... blood* A way of saying they were David's relatives.

though Saul was the king. The LORD said to you 'David, you will be the shepherd of my people, the Israelites. You will become the leader over my people.'"

³All the leaders of Israel came to King David at the town of Hebron. David made an agreement with them in Hebron before the LORD. The leaders anointed* David. That made him king over Israel. The LORD promised this would happen. The LORD had used Samuel to make that promise.

David Captures Jerusalem

⁴David and all the Israelites went to the city of Jerusalem. Jerusalem was called Jebus at that time. The people living in that city were named Jebusites. They ⁵said to David, "You cannot get inside our city." But David did defeat them. He took over the fortress* of Zion,* and it became the City of David.*

⁶David said, "The one who leads the attack on the Jebusites will become the commander over all my army." So Joab led the attack. He was Zeruiah's son. Joab became the commander of the army.

⁷Then David made his home in the fortress. That is why it is named the City of David. ⁸David built the city around the fort. He built it from the Millo* to the wall around the city. Joab repaired the other parts of the city. ⁹David continued to grow greater, and the Lorp All-Powerful was with him.

The Three Heroes

¹⁰This is a list of the leaders over David's special soldiers. These heroes became very powerful with David in his kingdom. They and all the Israelites supported David and made him king, just as God had promised.

¹¹This is a list of David's special soldiers:

Jashobeam the Hacmonite^a was the leader of the king's special forces.^b Jashobeam used his spear to kill 300 men at one time.

¹²Next there was Eleazar son of Dodai^c from Ahoah. Eleazar was one of the Three Heroes.^d ¹³Eleazar was with David at Pasdammim. The Philistines had come to that place to fight a war. There was a field full of barley there. The Israelites ran away from the Philistines. ¹⁴But the Three Heroes stood there in that field and defended it. They defeated the Philistines. The LORD gave the Israelites a great victory.

¹⁵Once David was at the cave of Adullam, and three of the Thirty Heroes^e went down

^e**11:15** *Thirty Heroes* Or "the king's special forces." These men were David's famous group of very brave soldiers. Also in verses 25, 42. to meet him by a rock near the cave. At the same time the Philistine army was camped in the Valley of Rephaim.

¹⁶Another time David was in the fortress,* and a group of Philistine soldiers was stationed in Bethlehem. 17David was thirsty for some water from his hometown, so he said, "Oh, if only I could have some water from that well by the gate in Bethlehem." 18So the Three Heroes^f fought their way through the Philistine army and got some water from the well near the city gate in Bethlehem. They took it to David, but he refused to drink it. He poured it on the ground as an offering to the LORD. ¹⁹David said, "God, I cannot drink this water. It would be like drinking the blood of the men who risked their lives to get this water for me." That is why David refused to drink the water. The Three Heroes did many brave things like that.

Other Brave Soldiers

²⁰Joab's brother, Abishai, was the leader of the Three Heroes. Abishai used his spear against 300 enemies and killed them. He was as famous as the Three Heroes. ²¹Abishai was even more famous than the Three Heroes.⁹ He became their leader, even though he was not one of the Three Heroes.

²²Then there was Benaiah son of Jehoiada, from Kabzeel. He was the son of a powerful man.^h Benaiah did many brave things. He killed two of the best soldiers in Moab. One day when it was snowing, Benaiah went down into a hole in the ground and killed a lion. 23And Benaiah killed a big Egyptian soldier. That man was about $7\frac{1}{2}$ feet^{*i*} tall. The Egyptian had a spear that was very large and heavy. It was as big as the pole on a weaver's loom.* Benaiah had only a club. He grabbed the spear in the Egyptian's hands and took it away from him. Then Benaiah killed the Egyptian with his own spear. ²⁴Benaiah son of Jehoiada did many brave things like that. He was as famous as the Three Heroes. ²⁵Benaiah was even more famous than the Thirty Heroes, but he was not one of the Three Heroes. David made Benaiah the leader of his bodyguards.

The Thirty Heroes

²⁶The following men were among the king's special forces: Asahel, Joab's brother; Elhanan son of Dodai from Bethlehem; ²⁷Shammoth the Harodite; Helez the Pelonite; ²⁸Ira son of Ikkesh from Tekoa; Abiezer from Anathoth; ²⁹Sibbecai the Hushathite; Ilai from Ahoah; ³⁰Maharai from Netophah; Heled son of Islaming and State Sta

f**11:18** *Three Heroes* These were David's three bravest soldiers. Also in verses 19–21.

911:21 Three Heroes Or possibly, "The Thirty Heroes."

h11:22 powerful man That is, a man from the warrior class ready to protect his people in war.

i11:23 7 1/2 feet Literally, "5 _short_ cubits" (2.22 m).

a11:11 Jashobeam the Hacmonite This is "Josheb Basshebeth the Tahkemonite" in 2 Sam. 23:8. b¹11:1 king's special forces A special group of soldiers who formed three-man squads and went on special missions for the king.

^c**11:12** *Eleazar son of Dodai* Or "Eleazar his cousin." ^d**11:12** *Three Heroes* These were David's three bravest soldiers. Also in verses 18, 20, 24.

1 CHRONICLES 11:31

Baanah from Netophah; ³¹Ithai son of Ribai from Gibeah in Benjamin; Benaiah the Pirathonite: ³²Hurai from the Brooks of Gaash: Abiel the Arbathite; ³³Azmaveth the Baharumite; Eliahba the Shaalbonite; ³⁴the sons of Hashem the Gizonite; Jonathan son of Shagee the Hararite; ³⁵Ahiam son of Sacar the Hararite; Eliphal son of Ur; ³⁶Hepher the Mekerathite; Ahijah the Pelonite; ³⁷Hezro the Carmelite; Naarai son of Ezbai; ³⁸Joel, Nathan's brother; Mibhar son of Hagri; ³⁹Zelek the Ammonite; Naharai, the officer from Beeroth, who carried the armor* for Joab son of Zeruiah; 40Ira the Ithrite; Gareb the Ithrite; 41Uriah the Hittite; Zabad son of Ahlai; ⁴²Adina who was the son of Shiza from the tribe of Reuben and was the leader of the tribe and one of the Thirty Heroes; ⁴³Hanan son of Maacah; Joshaphat the Mithnite; ⁴⁴Uzzia the Ashterathite; Shama and Jeiel sons of Hotham from Aroer; 45Jediael son of Shimri and his brother Joha the Tizite; ⁴⁶Eliel the Mahavite; Jeribai and Joshaviah the sons of Elnaam; Ithmah the Moabite; ⁴⁷Eliel; Obed: and Jaasiel the Mezobaite.

The Brave Men Who Joined David

¹This is a list of the men who came to David while he was at Ziklag. This was when David was hiding from Saul son of Kish. These men helped David in battle. ²They could shoot arrows from their bows with either their right or left hand. They could also throw stones from their slings* with either their right or left hand. They were Saul's relatives from the tribe of Benjamin. They were ³Ahiezer, their leader, and Joash (sons of Shemaah the Gibeathite); Jeziel and Pelet (sons of Azmaveth): Beracah and Jehu from the town of Anathoth; ⁴Ishmaiah the Gibeonite (a hero and leader of the Thirty Heroes); Jeremiah, Jahaziel, Johanan, and Jozabad from the Gederathites; 5Eluzai, Jerimoth, Bealiah, and Shemariah; Shephatiah from Haripha; 6Elkanah, Isshiah, Azarel, Joezer, and Jashobeam, all from the tribe of Korah; 7and Joelah and Zebadiah, the sons of Jeroham from the town of Gedor.

The Gadites

⁸Part of the tribe of Gad joined David at his fortress^{*} in the desert. They were brave soldiers trained for war and skilled with the shield and spear. They looked as fierce as lions, and they could run as fast as gazelles^{*} through the mountains.

⁹Ezer was the leader of the army from the tribe of Gad. Obadiah was the second in command. Eliab was the third in command. ¹⁰Mishmannah was the fourth in command. Jeremiah was the fifth in command. ¹¹Attai was the sixth in command. Eliel was the seventh in command. ¹²Johanan was the eighth in command. Elzabad was the ninth in command. ¹³Jeremiah was the tenth in command. Macbannai was the eleventh in command. ¹⁴These men were leaders of the Gadite army. The weakest from that group was worth 100 men, and the strongest was worth 1000 men.^a ¹⁵They were the soldiers who crossed the Jordan River in the first month of the year, when it was flooded over its banks. They chased away the people in the valley who were on both sides of the river.

Other Soldiers Join David

¹⁶Other men from the tribes of Benjamin and Judah also came to David at the fortress.* ¹⁷David went out to meet them and said, "If you have come in peace to help me, I welcome you. Join me. But if you have come to spy on me when I have done nothing wrong, may the God of our ancestors* see what you did and punish you."

¹⁸Amasai was the leader of the Thirty Heroes.^b Then the Spirit came on Amasai, and he said,

"We are yours, David! We are with you, son of Jesse. Peace, peace to you. Peace to those who help you, because your God helps you."

So David welcomed these men into his group and put them in charge of the troops.

¹⁹Some of the men from the tribe of Manasseh also joined David. They joined him when he went with the Philistines to fight Saul. But David and his men did not really help the Philistines. The Philistine leaders talked about David helping them, but then they decided to send him away. They said, "If David goes back to his master Saul, our heads will be cut off!" ²⁰These were the men from Manasseh who joined David when he went to the town of Ziklag: Adnah, Jozabad, Jediael, Michael, Jozabad, Elihu, and Zillethai. All of them were generals^c from the tribe of Manasseh. ²¹They helped David fight against bad men who were going around the country and stealing things from people. All these men of Manasseh were brave soldiers. They became leaders in David's army.

²²More and more men came every day to help David. So he had a large and powerful army.

Other Men Join David at Hebron

²³These are the numbers of the men who came to David at the town of Hebron. These men were ready for war. They came to give Saul's kingdom to David. That is what the LORD said would happen. This is their number:

a **12:14** The weakest ... 1000 men Or "The smallest was commander over 100 men, the greatest over 1000 men."

b12:18 Thirty Heroes Or "The Three" or "the chariot officers."

c12:20 generals Literally, "leaders over 1000 men."

²⁴From the tribe of Judah there were 6800 men ready for war. They carried shields and spears.

²⁵From the tribe of Simeon there were 7100 men. They were brave soldiers ready for war.

²⁶From the tribe of Levi there were 4600 men. ²⁷Jehoiada was in that group. He was a leader from Aaron's family. There were 3700 men with Jehoiada. ²⁸Zadok was also in that group. He was a brave young soldier. He came with 22 officers from his family.

²⁹From the tribe of Benjamin there were 3000 men. They were Saul's relatives. Most of them stayed faithful to Saul's family until that time.

³⁰From the tribe of Ephraim there were 20,800 men. They were brave soldiers. They were famous men in their own families.

³¹From half the tribe of Manasseh there were 18,000 men. They were called by name to come and make David king.

³²From the family of Issachar there were 200 wise leaders. These men understood the right thing for Israel to do at the right time. Their relatives were with them and under their command.

³³From the tribe of Zebulun there were 50,000 trained soldiers. They were trained to use all kinds of weapons and were very loyal to David.

³⁴From the tribe of Naphtali there were 1000 officers. They had 37,000 men with them. These men carried shields and spears.

³⁵From the tribe of Dan there were 28,600 men ready for war.

³⁶From the tribe of Asher there were 40,000 trained soldiers ready for war.

³⁷From the east side of the Jordan River, there were 120,000 men from the tribes of Reuben, Gad, and half of Manasseh. They had all kinds of weapons.

³⁸All these men were brave fighters. They came to the town of Hebron for one reason to make David king of all Israel. All the other Israelites also agreed that David should be king. ³⁹The men spent three days at Hebron with David. They ate and drank, because their relatives had prepared food for them. ⁴⁰Also, their neighbors from the areas where the tribes of Issachar, Zebulun, and Naphtali live brought food on donkeys, camels, mules, and cattle. They brought much flour, fig cakes, raisins, wine, oil, cattle, and sheep. The people in Israel were very happy.

Bringing Back the Box of the Agreement

13 David talked with all the officers of his army. ²Then he called the Israelites together and said, "If you think it is a good idea, and if it is what the LORD wants, let us send a message to our brothers in all the areas of Israel. Let's also send the message to the priests and Levites* who live with our brothers in their towns and the fields

near those towns. Let the message tell them to come and join us. ³Let's bring the Box of the Agreement* back to us in Jerusalem. We did not take care of the Box of the Agreement while Saul was king." ⁴So all the Israelites agreed with David. They all thought it was the right thing to do.

⁵So David gathered all the Israelites from the Shihor River in Egypt to the town of Lebo Hamath. They came together to bring the Box of the Agreement back from the town of Kiriath Jearim. ⁶David and all the Israelites with him went to Baalah of Judah. (Baalah is another name for Kiriath Jearim.) They went there to bring out the Box of the Agreement, that is, the Box of God the LORD who sits above the Cherub angels.* It is the Box that is called by his name.

⁷The people moved the Box of the Agreement from Abinadab's house and put it on a new wagon. Uzzah and Ahio were driving the wagon.

⁸David and all the Israelites were celebrating before God. They were praising God and singing songs. They were playing harps, lyres,* drums, cymbals,* and trumpets.

⁹They came to Kidon's threshing* floor. The oxen pulling the wagon stumbled, and the Box of the Agreement almost fell. Uzzah reached out with his hand to catch the Box. ¹⁰The Lord became very angry with Uzzah and killed him because he touched the Box. So Uzzah died there in front of God. ¹¹God showed his anger at Uzzah, and this made David angry. Since that time until now that place has been called "Perez Uzzah."^a

¹²David was afraid of God that day. David said, "I cannot bring the Box of the Agreement here to me!" ¹³So he did not take the Box of the Agreement with him to the City of David.* He left the Box of the Agreement at Obed Edom's house. Obed Edom was from the city of Gath. ¹⁴The Box of the Agreement stayed with Obed Edom's family in his house for three months. The LORD blessed Obed Edom's family and everything Obed Edom owned.

David's Kingdom Grows

14 ¹Hiram was king of the city of Tyre. He sent messengers to David. He also sent logs from cedar trees, stonecutters, and carpenters to David. Hiram sent them to build a house for David. ²Then David could see that the LORD had really made him king of Israel. The LORD made David's kingdom very large and powerful. God did this because he loved David and the Israelites.

³David married more women in the city of Jerusalem and had more sons and daughters. ⁴These are the names of David's children born in Jerusalem: Shammua, Shobab,

a **13:11** *Perez Uzzah* This name means "the outburst at Uzzah."

1 CHRONICLES 14:5

Nathan, Solomon, ⁵Ibhar, Elishua, Elpelet, ⁶Nogah, Nepheg, Japhia, ⁷Elishama, Beeliada, and Eliphelet.

David Defeats the Philistines

⁸The Philistines heard that David had been chosen to be the king of Israel, so all the Philistines went to look for him. When David heard about it, he went out to fight them. ⁹The Philistines attacked the people living in the Valley of Rephaim and stole their things. ¹⁰David asked God, "Should I go and fight the Philistines? Will you let me defeat them?"

The LORD answered David, "Go. I will let you defeat the Philistines."

¹¹Then David and his men went up to the town of Baal Perazim. There David and his men defeated the Philistines. David said, "Waters break out from a broken dam. In the same way God has broken through my enemies! God has done this through me." That is why that place is named Baal Perazim.^{*a*} ¹²The Philistines had left their idols^{*} at Baal Perazim. David ordered his men to burn the idols.

Another Victory Over the Philistines

13The Philistines attacked the people living in the Valley of Rephaim again. ¹⁴David prayed to God again, and God answered his prayer. God said, "David, don't follow the Philistines up the hill when you attack. Instead, go around them and hide on the other side of the balsam trees. ¹⁵When you hear the sound of marching in the tops of the balsam trees, go out to battle because that is the sign that God has gone out in front of you to defeat the Philistines." ¹⁶David did what God told him to do. So David and his men defeated the Philistine army. They killed Philistine soldiers all the way from the town of Gibeon to the town of Gezer. 17So David became famous in all the countries. The LORD made all nations afraid of him.

The Box of the Agreement in Jerusalem

15 ¹David built houses for himself in the City of David.* Then he built a place to put the Box of the Agreement.* He set up a tent for it. ²Then he said, "Only the Levites* are permitted to carry the Box of the Agreement. The LORD chose them to carry it and to serve him forever."

³David told all the Israelites to meet together at Jerusalem while the Levites carried, the Box of the Agreement to the place he had made for it. ⁴He called together the descendants of Aaron and the Levites. ⁵There were 120 people from the tribe of Kohath. Uriel was their leader. ⁶There were 220 people from the tribe of Merari. Asaiah was their leader. ⁷There were 130 people from the tribe of Gershon. Joel was their leader. ⁸There

a **14:11** *Baal Perazim* This name means "the Lord breaks through."

were 200 people from the tribe of Elizaphan. Shemaiah was their leader. ⁹There were 80 people from the tribe of Hebron. Eliel was their leader. ¹⁰There were 112 people from the tribe of Uzziel. Amminadab was their leader.

David Talks to the Priests and Levites

¹¹Then David asked the priests, Zadok and Abiathar, to come to him. David also asked these Levites* to come to him: Uriel, Asaiah, Joel, Shemaiah, Eliel, and Amminadab. ¹²David said to them, "You are the leaders from the tribe of Levi. You and the other Levites must make yourselves holy.^b Then bring the Box of the Agreement* to the place I have made for it. ¹³The last time we did not ask the LORD how to carry the Box of the Agreement. You Levites did not carry it, and that is why the LORD punished us."

¹⁴Then the priests and Levites made themselves holy so that they could carry the Box of the Agreement of the Lorn, the God of Israel. ¹⁵The Levites used the special poles to carry the Box of the Agreement on their shoulders, the way Moses commanded. They carried the Box just as the LORD had said.

The Singers

¹⁶David told the Levite^{*} leaders to get their brothers, the singers. The singers were to take their lyres,^{*} harps, and cymbals^{*} and sing happy songs.

¹⁷Then the Levites got Heman and his brothers, Asaph and Ethan. Heman was Joel's son. Asaph was Berekiah's son. Ethan was Kushaiah's son. These men were from the Merari tribe. ¹⁸There was also a second group of Levites. They were Zechariah, Jaaziel, Shemiramoth, Jehiel, Unni, Eliab, Benaiah, Maaseiah, Mattithiah, Eliphelehu, Mikneiah, Obed Edom, and Jeiel. These men were the Levite guards.

¹⁹The singers Heman, Asaph, and Ethan played bronze cymbals. ²⁰Zechariah, Jaaziel, Shemiramoth, Jehiel, Unni, Eliab, Maaseiah, and Benaiah played the alamoth^c harps. ²¹Mattithiah, Eliphelehu, Mikneiah, Obed Edom, Jeiel, and Azaziah played the sheminith harps. This was their job forever. ²²The Levite leader Kenaniah was in charge of the singing. Kenaniah had this job because he was very skilled at singing.

²³Berekiah and Elkanah were two of the guards for the Box of the Agreement.* ²⁴The priests Shebaniah, Joshaphat, Nethanel, Amasai, Zechariah, Benaiah, and Eliezer had the job of blowing trumpets as they walked in front of the Box of the Agreement. Obed

^b**15:12** *holy* Here, this means "prepared to serve the LORD." Also in verse 14.

^{15:20, 21} alamoth, sheminith The meaning of these words is uncertain, but they may refer to types of instruments, special ways of tuning an instrument, or two different groups that played harps in the Temple orchestra.

Edom and Jehiah were the other guards for the Box of the Agreement.

²⁵David, the elders* of Israel, and the generals^{*a*} went to get the Box of the Agreement. They brought it out from Obed Edom's house. Everyone was very happy! ²⁶God helped the Levites who carried the Box of the Agreement. They sacrificed* seven bulls and seven rams. ²⁷All the Levites who carried the Box wore robes made from fine linen.* Kenaniah, the man in charge of the singing, and all the singers had robes made from fine linen. David also wore a robe made from fine linen and an ephod* made of fine linen.

²⁸So all the Israelites brought up the Box of the Agreement. They shouted, they blew rams' horns and trumpets, and they played cymbals, lyres, and harps.

²⁹When the Box of the Agreement arrived at the City of David,* Saul's daughter Michal looked through a window. When she saw King David dancing and playing, she lost her respect for him.

16 ¹The Levites brought the Box of the David had set up for it. Then they offered burnt offerings* and fellowship offerings* to God. ²After David had finished giving the burnt offerings and fellowship offerings, he used the LORD's name to bless the people. ³Then he gave a loaf of bread, some dates, and raisins to every Israelite man and woman.

⁴Then David chose some of the Levites to serve before the Box of the Agreement. They had the job of celebrating and giving thanks and praise to the Loro, the God of Israel. ⁵Asaph was the leader of the first group. His group played the cymbals. Zechariah was the leader of the second group. The other Levites were Uzziel, Shemiramoth, Jehiel, Mattithiah, Eliab, Benaiah, Obed Edom, and Jeiel. These men played the lyres and harps. ⁶Benaiah and Jahaziel were the priests who always blew the trumpets before the Box of the Agreement. ⁷This was when David first gave Asaph and his brothers the job of singing praises to the LORD.

David's Song of Thanks

⁸ Give thanks to the LORD and call out to him!

Tell the nations what he has done! ⁹ Sing to him; sing praises to him.

- Tell about the amazing things he has done.
- ¹⁰ Be proud of his holy name. You followers of the LORD, be happy!
- ¹¹ Depend on the LORD for strength. Always go to him for help.
- ¹² Remember the amazing things he has done.
 - Remember his miracles* and his fair decisions.
- a15:25 generals Literally, "leaders over 1000 men."

- ¹³ The people of Israel* are his servants. The descendants of Jacob* are his chosen people.
- ¹⁴ The LORD is our God. He rules the whole world.
- ¹⁵ Remember his agreement* forever, the promise he gave that will never end.
- ¹⁶ Remember the agreement he made with Abraham*
 - Remember his promise to Isaac.*
- ¹⁷ He gave it as a law for Jacob,
 - as an agreement with Israel that will last forever.
- ¹⁸ He said, "I will give you the land of Canaan.* It will be your very own."
- ¹⁹ At the time God said this, there were only a few of his people,

and they were strangers there.

²⁰ They traveled around from nation to nation,

from one kingdom to another.

²¹ But the Lord did not let anyone mistreat them.

He warned kings not to harm them.

- 22 He said, "Don't hurt my chosen people. Don't hurt my prophets.*"
- ²³ Let the whole world sing to the Lord! Tell the good news every day about how he saves us.
- ²⁴ Tell all the nations how wonderful he is! Tell people everywhere about the amazing things he does.
- ²⁵ The LORD is great and worthy of praise. He is more awesome than any of the "gods."
- ²⁶ All the "gods" in other nations are nothing but statues,
 - but the LORD made the heavens!
- 27 He lives in the presence of glory* and honor.
- His Temple* is a place of power and joy. Praise the LORD, all people of every nation;
 - praise the Lord's glory and power!
- ²⁹ Give the LORD praise worthy of his glory. Come into his presence with your offerings.
 - Worship the LORD in all his holy beauty.
- ³⁰ Everyone on earth should tremble before him!
 - But the world stands firm and cannot be moved.
- ³¹ Let the heavens rejoice and the earth be happy!

Let people everywhere say, "The LORD rules!"

32 Let the sea and everything in it shout for joy!

Let the fields and everything in them be happy!

- ³³ The trees of the forest will sing for joy when they see the Lord,
 - because he is coming to rule the world.

³⁴ Give thanks to the LORD because he is good.

His faithful love will last forever. ³⁵ Say to him,

"Save us, God our Savior.

Bring us back together,

and save us from the other nations. Then we will give thanks to your holy name

and joyfully praise you."

³⁶ Praise the LORD, the God of Israel! He always was and will always be worthy of praise!

All the people praised the LORD and said "Amen!"

³⁷Then David left Asaph and his brothers there in front of the Box of the Agreement.^{*} David left them there to serve in front of it every day. ³⁸He also left Obed Edom and 68 other Levites^{*} to serve with Asaph and his brothers. Obed Edom and Hosah were guards. Obed Edom was Jeduthun's son.

³⁹David left Zadok the priest and the other priests who served with him in front of the LORD's Tent^a at the high place^{*} in Gibeon. ⁴⁰Every morning and evening Zadok and the other priests offered burnt offerings on the altar* of burnt offerings. They did this to follow the rules written in the law of the LORD, which the LORD had given Israel. 41Heman, Jeduthun, and all the other Levites were chosen by name to sing the songs of praise such as, Praise the LORD Because His Faithful Love Will Last Forever.^b ⁴²Heman and Jeduthun were with them. They had the job of blowing the trumpets and playing cymbals.* They also had the job of playing other musical instruments when songs were sung to God. Jeduthun's sons guarded the gates.

⁴³After the celebration, all the people left and went home. David also went home to bless his family.

God's Promise to David

17 After David had moved into his palace, he said to Nathan the prophet, "Look, I am living in this nice palace made of cedar, but the Box of the Agreement* sits in a tent."

²Nathan answered David, "You may do what you want to do. God is with you."

³But that night the word of God came to Nathan. ⁴God said, "Go and tell this to my servant David: The Lorb says, 'David, you are not the one to build a house for me to live in. ^{5–6}Since the time I brought Israel out of Egypt until now, I have not lived in a house. I have moved around in a tent. I chose people

a **16:39** Lord's **Tent** Or "Tabernacle." Also called the "Meeting Tent." The people would go to this tent to meet with God. They used this tent until Solomon built the Temple in Jerusalem.

^b**16:41** *Praise* ... *Forever* See 2 Chron. 7:6, Ps. 118 and 136.

to be special leaders for the Israelites. They were like shepherds for my people. While I was going around in Israel to different places, I never said to any of them: Why haven't you built a house of cedar wood for me?'

⁷"Now, tell this to my servant David: The LORD All-Powerful says, 'I took you from the fields and from taking care of the sheep. I made you king of my people Israel. ⁸I have been with you everywhere you went. I went ahead of you and I killed your enemies. Now I will make you one of the most famous men on earth. ⁹I am giving this place to my people Israel. They will plant their trees, and they will sit in peace under those trees. They will not be bothered anymore. Evil people will not hurt them as they did at first. ¹⁰Those bad things happened, but I chose leaders to care for my people Israel. And I will also defeat all your enemies.

"'I tell you that the LORD will build a house for you.^c ¹¹When you die, and you join your ancestors," then I will let your own son be the new king. The new king will be one of your sons, and I will make his kingdom strong. ¹²Your son will build a house for me. I will make your son's family rule forever. ¹³I will be his father, and he will be my son. Saul was the king before you, and I took away my support from Saul. But I will never stop loving your son. ¹⁴I will put him in charge of my house and kingdom forever. His rule will continue forever!'"

¹⁵Nathan told David about the vision* and everything God had said.

David's Prayer

¹⁶Then King David went to the Holy Tent and sat before the LORD. David said, "LORD God, you have done so much for me and my family. And I don't understand why. ¹⁷Besides all these things, you let me know what will happen to my family in the future. You have treated me like a very important man. ¹⁸What more can I say? You have done so much for me. And I am only your servant. You know that. ¹⁹LORD, you have done this wonderful thing for me and because you wanted to. ²⁰There is no one like you, Lord. There is no God except you. We have never heard of any god doing wonderful things like those! ²¹Is there any other nation like Israel? No, Israel is the only nation on earth that you have done these wonderful things for. You took us out of Egypt and you made us free. You made yourself famous. You went in front of your people, and forced other people to leave their land for us. ²²You took Israel to be your people forever, and LORD, you became their God!

²³"LORD, you made this promise to me and my family. Now, keep your promise forever.

c17:10 build a house for you This does not mean a real house. It means the Lord would make men from David's family kings for many years. ²⁵"My God, you spoke to me, your servant. You made it clear that you would make my family a family of kings. That is why I am being so bold—that is why I am asking you to do these things. ²⁶Loro, you are God, and you yourself promised to do these good things for me. ²⁷Loro, you have been kind enough to bless my family. You were kind enough to promise that my family will serve you forever. Loro, you yourself blessed my family, so my family really will be blessed forever."

David Wins Over Different Nations

18¹Later, David attacked the Philistines and defeated them. He took the town of Gath and the other small towns around it from the Philistines.

²Then David defeated the country of Moab. The Moabites became David's servants and brought tribute* to him.

³David also fought against Hadadezer's army. Hadadezer was the king of Zobah. David fought against that army all the way to the town of Hamath. David did this when he went to set up a monument for himself at the Euphrates River.^{*a*} ⁴David took 1000 chariots,* 7000 chariot drivers, and 20,000 soldiers from Hadadezer. David also crippled most of Hadadezer's horses that were used for pulling chariots. But David saved enough horses to pull 100 chariots.

⁵The Arameans from the city of Damascus came to help King Hadadezer of Zobah. But David defeated and killed 22,000 Aramean soldiers. ⁶Then David put fortresses* in the city of Damascus in Aram. The Arameans became David's servants and brought tribute to him. So the Lorp gave victory to David everywhere he went.

⁷David took the gold shields from Hadadezer's army leaders and brought them to Jerusalem. ⁸David also took much bronze from the towns of Tebah and Cun. These towns belonged to Hadadezer. Later, Solomon used this bronze to make the bronze tank,^b the bronze columns, and other things made from bronze for the Temple.^{*}

⁹Tou was king of the city of Hamath. Hadadezer was the king of Zobah. Tou heard that David had defeated all of Hadadezer's army. ¹⁰So Tou sent his son Hadoram to King David to ask for peace and to bless him. He did this because David had fought against Hadadezer and defeated him. Hadadezer had been at war with Tou before. Hadoram gave David

a18:3 David did this ... the Euphrates River Or "David did this because Hadadezer tried to spread his kingdom all the way to the Euphrates River." b18:8 tank A very large container for water. ¹²Abishai son of Zeruiah killed 18,000 Edomites in the Valley of Salt. ¹³Abishai also put fortresses in Edom and all the Edomites became David's servants. The LORD gave David victory everywhere he went.

David's Important Officials

¹⁴David was king over all Israel. He did what was right and fair for everyone. ¹⁵Joab son of Zeruiah was the commander of David's army. Jehoshaphat son of Ahilud wrote about the things David did. ¹⁶Zadok and Abimelech were the priests. Zadok was Ahitub's son, and Abimelech was Abiathar's son. Shavsha was the scribe.^{*} ¹⁷Benaiah was responsible for leading the Kerethite and Pelethites.^c Benaiah was Jehoiada's son. And David's sons were important officials. They served at King David's side.

The Ammonites Shame David's Men

19 Nahash was king of the Ammonites. When Nahash died, his son became the new king. ²Then David said, "Nahash was kind to me, so I will be kind to Hanun, Nahash's son." So David sent messengers to comfort Hanun about the death of his father. David's messengers went to the country of Ammon to comfort Hanun.

³But the Ammonite leaders said to Hanun, "Don't be fooled. David didn't really send these men to comfort you or to honor your dead father! No, David sent his servants to spy on you and your land. He really wants to destroy your country!" ⁴So Hanun arrested David's servants and cut off their beards.^d Hanun also cut their clothes off at the hip and sent them away.

⁵David's men were too embarrassed to go home. Some people went to David and told him what happened to his men. So King David sent this message to his men: "Stay in the town of Jericho until your beards grow again. Then you can come back home."

⁶The Ammonites saw they had caused themselves to become hated enemies of David. Then Hanun and the Ammonites used 75,000 pounds^e of silver to buy chariots* and chariot drivers from Mesopotamia.^f They also got chariots and chariot drivers from the towns of Maacah and Zobah in Aram. ⁷The

C18:17 Kerethites and Pelethites These were the king's bodyguards.

d 19:4 cut off their beards This was an insult to an Israelite man, who was forbidden to cut the corners of his beard. See Lev. 19:27.

e19:6 75,000 pounds Literally, "1000 talents" (34,500 kg).

f19:6 Mesopotamia Literally, "Aram Naharaim."

Ammonites bought 32,000 chariots. They also paid the king of Maacah and his army to come and help them. The king of Maacah and his people came and set up a camp near the town of Medeba. The Ammonites themselves came out of their towns and got ready for battle.

⁸David heard that the Ammonites were getting ready for war. So he sent Joab and the whole army of Israel to fight the Ammonites. ⁹The Ammonites came out and got ready for battle. They were near the city gate. The kings who had come to help stayed out in the fields by themselves.

¹⁰Joab saw that there were two army groups ready to fight against him. One group was in front of him and the other group was behind him. So Joab chose some of the best soldiers of Israel and sent them out to fight against the Aramean army. ¹¹He put the rest of the Israelite army under his brother Abishai's command. These soldiers went out to fight against the Ammonite army. ¹²Joab said to Abishai, "If the Arameans are too strong for me, you must help me. But if the Ammonites are too strong for you, I will help you. ¹³Let's be brave and strong while we fight for our people and for the cities of our God! May the LORD do what he thinks is right."

¹⁴Joab and the army with him attacked the Aramean army. The Arameans ran away from Joab and his army. ¹⁵When the Ammonite army saw that the Aramean army was running away, they also ran away. They ran away from Abishai and his army. The Ammonites went back to their city, and Joab went back to Jerusalem.

¹⁶The Aramean leaders saw that Israel had defeated them. So they sent messengers to get help from the Arameans living east of the Euphrates River. Shophach was the commander of Hadadezer's army from Aram. Shophach also led the other Aramean soldiers.

¹⁷David heard the news that the Arameans were gathering for battle, so he gathered all the Israelites. David led them across the Jordan River, and they came face to face with the Arameans. David got his army ready for battle and they attacked the Arameans. ¹⁸The Arameans ran away from the Israelites. David and his army killed 7000 Aramean chariot drivers and 40,000 Aramean soldiers. David and his army also killed Shophach, the commander of the Aramean army.

¹⁹When Hadadezer's officers saw that Israel had defeated them, they made peace with David. They became his servants. So the Arameans refused to help the Ammonites again.

Joab Destroys the Ammonites

20¹In the spring,^{*a*} Joab led the army of Israel out to battle. That was the time

of year when kings went out to battle, but David stayed in Jerusalem. The army of Israel went to the country of Ammon and destroyed it. Then they went to the city of Rabbah. The army camped around the city—they stayed there to keep people from going in or out of the city. Joab and the army of Israel fought against the city of Rabbah until they destroyed it.

²David took the crown from their king's^b head. That gold crown weighed about 75 pounds^c and there were valuable stones in it. The crown was put on David's head. Then David had a great many valuable things brought out of the city of Rabbah. ³He brought out the people in Rabbah and forced them to work with saws, iron picks, and axes. He did the same thing to all the cities of the Ammonites. Then David and all the army went back to Jerusalem.

Philistine Giants Are Killed

⁴Later, the Israelites went to war with the Philistines at the town of Gezer. At that time Sibbecai from Hushah killed Sippai, who was one of the sons of the giants. So those Philistines became like slaves to the Israelites.

⁵Another time when the Israelites fought against the Philistines, Elhanan son of Jair killed Lahmi. Lahmi was Goliath's brother. Goliath was from the town of Gath. Lahmi's spear was very big and heavy. It was like the large pole on a loom.*

⁶Later, the Israelites fought another war with the Philistines at the town of Gath. In this town there was a very large man. He had 24 fingers and toes. He had six fingers on each hand and six toes on each foot. He also was a son of the giants. ⁷So when that man made fun of Israel, Jonathan killed him. Jonathan was Shimea's son. Shimea was David's brother.

⁸These Philistine men were sons of the giants from the town of Gath. David and his servants killed those giants.

David Sins by Counting Israel

21 ¹Satan^d was against the Israelites. He encouraged David to count the Israelites. ²So David said to Joab and the leaders of the people, "Go and count all the Israelites. Count everyone in the country—from the town of Beersheba all the way to the town of Dan. Then tell me, so I will know how many people there are."

³But Joab answered, "May the LORD make his nation 100 times as large! Sir, all the Israelites are your servants. Why do you want to do this thing, my lord and king? You will make all the Israelites guilty of sin!"

^b**20:2** *their king's* Or "Milcom," the god of the Ammonite people.

C20:2 75 pounds Literally, "1 talent" (34.5 kg). d21:1 Satan Or "An adversary," someone who was against the king.

a20:1 In the spring Literally, "At the return of the year."

⁴But King David was stubborn. Joab had to do what the king said. So Joab left and went through all the country of Israel counting the people. Then he came back to Jerusalem ⁵and told David how many people there were. In Israel there were 1,100,000 men who could use a sword. And there were 470,000 men in Judah who could use a sword. ⁶Joab did not count the tribes of Levi and Benjamin because he did not like King David's order. ⁷David had done a bad thing in God's sight, so God punished Israel.

God Punishes Israel

⁸Then David said to God, "I have done something very foolish. I have committed a terrible sin by counting the Israelites. Now, I beg you to take the sin away from me, your servant."

 $^{9-10}$ Gad was David's seer.* The LORD said to Gad, "Go and tell David: 'This is what the LORD says: I am going to give you three choices. You must choose one of them. Then I will punish you the way you choose.'"

¹¹⁻¹²Then Gad went to David. He said to David, "The LORD says, 'David, choose which punishment you want: three years without enough food, or three months of running away from your enemies while they use their swords to chase you, or three days of punishment from the LORD. Terrible sicknesses will spread through the country, and the LORD's angel will go through Israel destroying the people.' David, God sent me. Now, you must decide which answer I will give to him."

¹³David said to Gad, "I am in trouble! I don't want some man to decide my punishment. The LORD is very merciful, so let the LORD decide how to punish me."

¹⁴So the LORD sent terrible sicknesses to Israel, and 70,000 people died. ¹⁵God sent an angel to destroy Jerusalem. But when the angel started to destroy Jerusalem, the LORD saw it and felt sorry. So the LORD decided not to destroy Jerusalem. The LORD said to the angel who was destroying, "Stop! That is enough!" The angel of the LORD was standing at the threshing* floor of Araunah^o the Jebusite.^b

¹⁶David looked up and saw the LORD's angel in the sky. The angel was holding his sword over the city of Jerusalem. Then David and the elders* bowed with their faces touching the ground. They were wearing the special clothes to show their sadness. ¹⁷David said to God, "I am the one who sinned. I gave the order for the people to be counted! I was wrong. The Israelites did not do anything wrong. LORD my God, punish me and my family, but stop the terrible sicknesses that are killing your people."

a**21:15** Araunah In Hebrew, "Ornan." Also in verses 18-25, 28.

^b**21:15** *Jebusite* A person who lived in Jerusalem before the Israelites took the city. "Jebus" was the old name for Jerusalem.

¹⁸Then the angel of the LORD spoke to Gad. He said, "Tell David to build an altar* to worship the LORD. David must build that altar near the threshing floor of Araunah the Jebusite." ¹⁹Gad told David this, and David went to Araunah's threshing floor.

²⁰Araunah was threshing the wheat. He turned around and saw the angel. His four sons ran away to hide. ²¹David walked up the hill to Araunah. Araunah saw him and left the threshing floor. He walked to David and bowed with his face to the ground in front of him.

²²David said to Araunah, "Sell me your threshing floor. I will pay you the full price. Then I can use the area to build an altar to worship the LORD. Then the terrible sicknesses will be stopped."

²³Araunah said to David, "Take this threshing floor. You are my LORD and king. Do anything you want. Look, I will also give you cattle for the burnt offering.* You can have the wooden threshing tools to burn for the fire on the altar. And I will give the wheat for the grain offering. I will give all this to you."

²⁴But King David answered Araunah, "No, I will pay you the full price. I will not take anything that is yours and give it to the LORD. I will not give offerings that cost me nothing."

²⁵So David gave Araunah about 15 pounds^c of gold for the place. ²⁶David built an altar for worshiping the LORD there. David offered burnt offerings and fellowship offerings.^{*} He prayed to the LORD. The LORD answered David by sending fire down from heaven. The fire came down on the altar of burnt offering. ²⁷Then the LORD commanded the angel to put his sword back into its sheath.^{*}

²⁸David saw that the LORD had answered him on the threshing floor of Araunah, so David offered sacrifices to the LORD. ²⁹(The Holy Tent* and the altar of burnt offerings were at the high place* in the town of Gibeon. Moses had made the Holy Tent while the Israelites were in the desert. ³⁰David could not go to the Holy Tent to speak with God because he was afraid. He was afraid of the angel of the LORD and his sword.)

22 David said, "The Temple* of the LORD God and the altar for burning offerings for the Israelites will be built here."

David Makes Plans for the Temple

²David gave an order for all foreigners living in Israel to be gathered together. He chose stonecutters from that group of foreigners. Their job was to cut stones ready to be used for building God's Temple.* ³David got iron for making nails and hinges for the gate doors. He also got more bronze than could be weighed ⁴and more cedar logs than could be counted. The people from the cities of Sidon and Tyre brought many cedar logs to David.

c21:25 15 pounds Literally, "600 shekels" (6.9 kg).

⁵David said, "We should build a very great Temple for the LORD, but my son Solomon is young and he hasn't learned what he needs to know. The LORD'S Temple should be very great. It should be famous in all the nations because of its greatness and beauty. That is why I will make plans for building the LORD'S Temple." So David made many plans for building the Temple before he died.

⁶Then David called for his son Solomon and told him to build the Temple for the LORD, the God of Israel. 7David said to Solomon, "My son, I wanted to build a temple for the name of the Lord my God. 8But the Lord said to me, 'David, you have fought many wars and you have killed many people. So you cannot build a temple for my name. 9But you have a son who is a man of peace. I will give your son a time of peace. His enemies around him will not bother him. His name is Solomon.^a And I will give Israel peace and guiet during the time that he is king. 10Solomon will build a temple for my name. He will be my son, and I will be his Father. I will make his kingdom strong, and someone from his family will rule Israel forever!""

¹¹David also said, "Now, son, may the LORD be with you. May you be successful and build the Temple for the LORD your God, as he said you would. ¹²He will make you the king of Israel. May the LORD give you wisdom and understanding so that you can lead the people and obey the law of the LORD your God. ¹³And you will have success, if you are careful to obey the rules and laws that the LORD gave Moses for Israel. Be strong and brave. Don't be afraid.

¹⁴"Solomon, I have worked hard making plans for building the LORD's Temple. I have given 3750 tons⁶ of gold and about 37,500 tons^c of silver. I have given so much bronze and iron that it cannot be weighed. And I have given wood and stone. Solomon, you can add to them. ¹⁵You have many stonecutters and carpenters. You have men skilled in every kind of work. ¹⁶They are skilled in working with gold, silver, bronze, and iron. You have more skilled workers than can be counted. Now begin the work. And may the LORD be with you."

¹⁷Then David ordered all the leaders of Israel to help his son Solomon. ¹⁸David said to these leaders, "The LORD your God is with you. He has given you a time of peace. He helped me defeat the people living around us. The LORD and his people are now in control of this land. ¹⁹Now give your heart and soul to the LORD your God, and do what he says. Build the holy* place of the LORD God. Build

a22:9 Solomon This name is like the Hebrew word meaning "peace." b22:14 3750 tons Literally, "100,000 talents" (3450

b22:14 3750 tons Literally, "100,000 talents" (3450 metric tons).

c22:14 *37,500 tons* Literally, "1,000,000 talents" (34,500 metric tons).

the Temple for the LORD's name. Then bring the Box of the Agreement* and all the other holy things into the Temple."

The Levites Work in the Temple

23 ¹David became an old man, so he made his son Solomon the new king of Israel. ²David gathered all the leaders of Israel and also the priests and Levites.^{*} ³David counted the Levites who were 30 years old and older. All together there were 38,000 Levites. ⁴David said, "24,000 will supervise the work of building the Lorn's Temple.^{*} 6000 will be court officers and judges. ⁵4000 will be gatekeepers, and 4000 will be musicians. I made special musical instruments for them. They will use them to praise the Lorn."

⁶David separated the Levites into three groups. They were the tribes of Levi's three sons, Gershon, Kohath, and Merari.

The Gershon Family Group

⁷From the tribe of Gershon there were Ladan and Shimei. ⁸Ladan had three sons. His oldest son was Jehiel. His other sons were Zethan and Joel. ⁹Shimei's sons were Shelomoth, Haziel, and Haran. These three sons were leaders in Ladan's families.

¹⁰Shimei had four sons. They were Jahath, Ziza, Jeush, and Beriah. ¹¹Jahath was the oldest son and Ziza was the second son. But Jeush and Beriah did not have many children. So Jeush and Beriah were counted like one family.

The Kohath Family Group

¹²Kohath had four sons. They were Amram, Izhar, Hebron, and Uzziel. ¹³Amram's sons were Aaron and Moses. Aaron was chosen to be very special. Aaron and his descendants were chosen to be special forever. They were chosen to prepare the holy* things for the LORD's service. Aaron and his descendants were chosen to burn the incense* before the LORD. They were chosen to serve the LORD as priests. They were chosen to use the LORD's name and give blessings to the people forever.

¹⁴Moses was the man of God,* and his sons were part of the tribe of Levi. ¹⁵Moses' sons were Gershom and Eliezer. ¹⁶Gershom's oldest son was Shubael. ¹⁷Eliezer's oldest son was Rehabiah. Eliezer had no other sons. But Rehabiah had very many sons.

¹⁸Izhar's oldest son was Shelomith.

¹⁹Hebron's oldest son was Jeriah. Hebron's second son was Amariah. Jahaziel was the third son, and Jekameam was the fourth son.

²⁰Uzziel's oldest son was Micah, and Isshiah was his second son.

The Merari Family Group

²¹Merari's sons were Mahli and Mushi. Mahli's sons were Eleazar and Kish. ²²Eleazar died without having sons. He only had daughters. Eleazar's daughters married their own relatives. Their relatives were Kish's sons. ²³Mushi's sons were Mahli, Eder, and leremoth. There were three sons in all.

The Levites' Work

²⁴These were Levi's descendants. They were listed by their families. They were the leaders of families. Each person's name was listed. The people who were listed were 20 years old or older. They served in the LORD's Temple.*

²⁵David had said, "The LORD, the God of Israel, has given peace to his people. The LORD has come to Jerusalem to live there forever. ²⁶So the Levites* don't need to carry the Holy Tent* or any of the things used in its services anymore."

²⁷David's last instructions for the Israelites were to count the descendants from the tribe of Levi. They counted the Levite men who were 20 years old and older.

²⁸The Levites had the job of helping Aaron's descendants in the service of the LORD's Temple. They also cared for the Temple courtyard and the side rooms in the Temple. And they made sure all the holy* things were kept pure. It was their job to serve in God's Temple. ²⁹They were responsible for putting the special bread on the table in the Temple and for the flour, the grain offerings, and the bread made without yeast. They were also responsible for the baking pans and the mixed offerings. They did all the measuring. ³⁰The Levites stood every morning and gave thanks and praise to the LORD. They also did this every evening. ³¹The Levites prepared all the burnt offerings* to the LORD on the Sabbath days, during New Moon* celebrations, and on the other special meeting days. They served before the LORD every day. There were special rules for how many Levites should serve each time. ³²So the Levites did everything that they were supposed to do. They took care of the Holy Tent and the Holy Place.* And they helped their relatives, the priests, Aaron's descendants, with the services at the LORD's Temple.

The Groups of the Priests

24 ¹These were the groups of Aaron's sons: Aaron's sons were Nadab, Abihu, Eleazar, and Ithamar. ²But Nadab and Abihu died before their father did. Nadab and Abihu had no sons, so Eleazar and Ithamar served as the priests. ³David separated the tribes of Eleazar and Ithamar into two different groups. He did this so that these groups could do the duties of work they were given to do. David did this with the help of Zadok and Ahimelech. Zadok was a descendant of Eleazar, and Ahimelech was a descendant of Ithamar. ⁴There were more leaders from Eleazar's family than from Ithamar's. There

there were eight leaders from Ithamar's family. ⁵Men were chosen from each family. They were chosen by throwing lots.^{*} Some of the men were chosen to be in charge of the Holy Place.^{*} And other men were chosen to serve as priests. All these men were from the families of Eleazar and Ithamar.

⁶Shemaiah was the secretary.^a He was Nethanel's son. Shemaiah was from the tribe of Levi. Shemaiah wrote the names of those descendants. He wrote their names in front of King David and these leaders: Zadok the priest, Ahimelech, and the leaders from the families of the priests and of the Levites.* Ahimelech was Abiathar's son. Each time they threw the lots a man was chosen, and Shemaiah wrote down that man's name. So they divided the work among groups of men from the families of Eleazar and Ithamar.

- ⁷ The first was Jehoiarib's group. The second was Jedaiah's group.
- ⁸ The third was Harim's group. The fourth was Seorim's group.
- ⁹ The fifth was Malkijah's group. The sixth was Mijamin's group.
- ¹⁰ The seventh was Hakkoz's group. The eighth was Abijah's group.
- ¹¹ The ninth was Jeshua's group. The tenth was Shecaniah's group.
- ¹² The eleventh was Eliashib's group. The twelfth was Jakim's group.
- ¹³ The thirteenth was Huppah's group. The fourteenth was Jeshebeab's group.
- ¹⁴ The fifteenth was Bilgah's group. The sixteenth was Immer's group.
- ¹⁵ The seventeenth was Hezir's group. The eighteenth was Happizzez's group.
- ¹⁶ The nineteenth was Pethahiah's group. The twentieth was Jehezkel's group.
- 17 The twenty-first was Jakin's group. The twenty-second was Gamul's group.
- ¹⁸ The twenty-third was Delaiah's group. The twenty-fourth was Maaziah's group.

¹⁹These were the groups chosen to serve in the Lord's Temple.* They obeyed Aaron's rules for serving in the Temple. The Lord, the God of Israel, had given them to Aaron.

The Other Levites

²⁰These are the names of the rest of Levi's descendants:

Shubael was a descendant of Amram. Jehdeiah was a descendant of Shubael.

- ²¹ Isshiah was the oldest son of Rehabiah.
- ²² From the Izhar family group there was Shelomoth.
 - Jahath was a descendant of Shelomoth.
- ²³ Jeriah was the oldest son of Hebron. Amariah was Hebron's second son.

^a**24:6** secretary A man who wrote down and copied books and letters.

1 CHRONICLES 24:24

Jahaziel was his third son, and Jekameam was his fourth son.

- ²⁴ Uzziel's son was Micah. Micah's son was Shamir.
- ²⁵ Isshiah was Micah's brother. Isshiah's son was Zechariah.
- ^{26 a} Merari's descendants were Mahli, Mushi, and Jaaziah his son.
- ²⁷ Jaaziah son of Merari had sons named Shoham, Zaccur, and Ibri.
- 28 Mahli's son was Eleazar, but Eleazar did not have sons.
- ²⁹ Kish's son was Jerahmeel.
- ³⁰ Mushi's sons were Mahli, Eder, and Jerimoth.

These are the leaders of the Levite* families. They are listed by their families. ³¹They were chosen for special jobs by throwing lots,* like their relatives, the priests. The priests were Aaron's descendants. They threw lots in front of King David, Zadok, Ahimelech, and the leaders of the priests' and Levite families. The older families and the younger families were chosen.

The Music Groups

25 ¹David and the leaders of the army separated the sons of Asaph, Heman, and Jeduthun for special service. Their special service was to prophesy* God's message with harps, lyres,* and cymbals.* Here is a list of the men who served this way:

²From Asaph's family: Zaccur, Joseph, Nethaniah, and Asarelah. King David chose Asaph to prophesy. And Asaph led his sons.

³From Jeduthun's family: Gedaliah, Zeri, Jeshaiah, Shimei, Hashabiah, and Mattithiah. There were six of them. Jeduthun led his sons. Jeduthun used harps to prophesy and give thanks and praise to the LORD.

4Heman's sons who served were Bukkiah, Mattaniah, Uzziel, Shubael, and Jerimoth; Hananiah, Hanani, Eliathah, Giddalti, and Romamti Ezer; Joshbekashah, Mallothi, Hothir, and Mahazioth. 5All these men were Heman's sons. Heman was David's seer.* God promised to make Heman strong. So Heman had many sons. God gave Heman fourteen sons and three daughters. 6Heman led all his sons in singing in the LORD's temple.^b His sons used cymbals, lyres, and harps. That was their way of serving in God's temple. King David chose these men. 7These men and their relatives from the tribe of Levi were trained to sing. There were 288 men who learned to sing praises to the LORD. ⁸They threw lots^{*} to choose the different kinds of work each person was to do. Everyone was treated the same. Young and old were treated the same. And the

*a***24:26, 27** The Hebrew text here is hard to understand.

b25:6 temple Here, this means the Holy Tent where people went to worship the Lord.

teacher was treated the same as the student. ⁹The first one chosen was Asaph (Joseph).

Second, there were 12 men chosen from Gedaliah's sons and relatives.

¹⁰Third, there were 12 men chosen from Zaccur's sons and relatives.

¹¹Fourth, there were 12 men chosen from Izri's sons and relatives.

¹²Fifth, there were 12 men chosen from Nethaniah's sons and relatives.

¹³Sixth, there were 12 men chosen from Bukkiah's sons and relatives.

¹⁴Seventh, there were 12 men chosen from Asarelah's sons and relatives.

¹⁵Eighth, there were 12 men chosen from Jeshaiah's sons and relatives.

¹⁶Ninth, there were 12 men chosen from Mattaniah's sons and relatives.

¹⁷Tenth, there were 12 men chosen from Shimei's sons and relatives.

¹⁸Eleventh, there were 12 men chosen from Azarel's sons and relatives.

¹⁹Twelfth, there were 12 men chosen from Hashabiah's sons and relatives.

²⁰Thirteenth, there were 12 men chosen from Shubael's sons and relatives.

²¹Fourteenth, there were 12 men chosen from Mattithiah's sons and relatives.

²²Fifteenth, there were 12 men chosen from Jeremoth's sons and relatives.

²³Sixteenth, there were 12 men chosen from Hananiah's sons and relatives.

²⁴Seventeenth, there were 12 men chosen from Joshbekashah's sons and relatives.

²⁵Eighteenth, there were 12 men chosen from Hanani's sons and relatives.

²⁶Nineteenth, there were 12 men chosen from Mallothi's sons and relatives.

²⁷Twentieth, there were 12 men chosen from Eliathah's sons and relatives.

²⁸Twenty-first, there were 12 men chosen from Hothir's sons and relatives.

²⁹Twenty-second, there were 12 men chosen from Giddalti's sons and relatives.

³⁰Twenty-third, there were 12 men chosen from Mahazioth's sons and relatives.

³¹Twenty-fourth, there were 12 men chosen from Romamti Ezer's sons and relatives.

The Gatekeepers

26¹These are the groups of the gatekeepers from the Korah family: There was Meshelemiah, son of Kore. Kore was from the family of Asaph. ²Meshelemiah had sons. Zechariah was the oldest son. Jediael was the second son. Zebadiah was the third son. Jathniel was the fourth son. ³Elam was the fifth son. Jehohanan was the sixth son. And Eliehoenai was the seventh son.

⁴Obed Edom had sons. Obed Edom's oldest son was Shemaiah. Jehozabad was his second son. Joah was his third son. Sacar was his fourth son. Nethanel was his fifth son. ⁵Ammiel was his sixth son, Issachar his seventh son, and Peullethai his eighth son. God really blessed Obed Edom.^a ⁶Obed Edom's son was Shemaiah. Shemaiah also had sons. His sons were leaders in their father's family because they were brave soldiers. ⁷Shemaiah's sons were Othni, Rephael, Obed, Elzabad, Elihu, and Semakiah. Elzabad's relatives were skilled workers. ⁸All these men were Obed Edom's descendants. These men and their sons and relatives were powerful men. They were good guards. Obed Edom had 62 descendants.

⁹Meshelemiah had sons and relatives who were powerful men. In all there were 18 sons and relatives.

¹⁰These are the gatekeepers from the Merari family. There was Hosah. Shimri was chosen to be the first son. He was not really the oldest, but his father chose him to be the firstborn* son. ¹¹Hilkiah was his second son, Tebaliah his third, and Zechariah his fourth. In all Hosah had 13 sons and relatives.

¹²These were the leaders of the groups of the gatekeepers. The gatekeepers had a special way to serve in the Loro's Temple,* just as their relatives did. ¹³Each family was given a gate to guard. Lots* were thrown to choose a gate for a family. Young and old were treated the same.

¹⁴Meshelemiah was chosen to guard the East Gate. Then lots were thrown for Meshelemiah's son Zechariah. Zechariah was a wise counselor. Zechariah was chosen for the North Gate. ¹⁵Obed Edom was chosen for the South Gate. And Obed Edom's sons were chosen to guard the house where the valuable things were kept. ¹⁶Shuppim and Hosah were chosen for the West Gate and the Shalleketh Gate on the upper road.

Guards stood side by side. ¹⁷Six Levites* stood guard every day at the East Gate. Four Levites stood guard every day at the North Gate. Four Levites stood guard at the South Gate. And two Levites guarded the house where the valuable things were kept. ¹⁸There were four guards at the western court^b and two guards on the road to the court.

¹⁹These were the groups of the gatekeepers from the families of Korah and Merari.

The Treasurers and Other Officials

²⁰Ahijah was from the tribe of Levi. Ahijah was responsible for taking care of the valuable things in God's Temple.^{*} Ahijah also was responsible for the places where the holy^{*} things were kept.

²¹Ladan was from Gershon's family. Jehieli was one of the leaders of the tribe of Ladan. ²²Jehieli's sons were Zetham and Zetham's brother Joel. They were responsible for the valuable things in the LORD's Temple.

*a***26:5** *Obed Edom* God blessed Obed Edom when the Box of the Agreement stayed at his house. See 1 Chron. 21.

b26:18 court The meaning of this word is uncertain.

²³Other leaders were chosen from the tribes of Amram, Izhar, Hebron, and Uzziel. ²⁴Shubael was the leader responsible for the valuable things in the LoRo's Temple. Shubael was Gershom's son. Gershom was Moses' son. ²⁵These were Shubael's relatives: His relatives from Eliezer were Rehabiah, Eliezer's son; Jeshaiah, Rehabiah's son; Joram, Jeshaiah's son; Zicri, Joram's son; and Shelomith, Zicri's son. ²⁶Shelomith and his relatives were responsible for everything that David had collected for the Temple.

The officers of the army also gave things for the Temple. ²⁷They gave some of the things taken in wars. They gave these things to be used in building the Loro's Temple. ²⁸Shelomith and his relatives also took care of all the holy things given by Samuel the seer,^{*} Saul son of Kish, Abner son of Ner, and Joab son of Zeruiah. Shelomith and his relatives took care of all the holy things that people gave to the Loro.

²⁹Kenaniah was from the Izhar family. Kenaniah and his sons had work outside the Temple. They worked as court officers and judges in different places in Israel. 30Hashabiah was from the Hebron family. Hashabiah and his relatives were responsible for all the LORD's work and for the king's business in Israel west of the Jordan River. There were 1700 powerful men in Hashabiah's group. ³¹The family history of the Hebron family shows that Jeriah was their leader. When David had been king for 40 years, he ordered his people to search through the family histories for strong and skilled men. Some of them were found among the Hebron family living in the town of Jazer in Gilead. 32Jeriah had 2700 relatives who were powerful men and leaders of families. King David gave these 2700 relatives the responsibility of leading the tribes of Reuben, Gad, and half of Manasseh in taking care of God's work and the king's business.

Army Groups

27 ¹This is the list of the Israelites who served the king in the army. Each group was on duty one month each year. There were rulers of families, captains, generals, and the court officers who served the king. Each army group had 24,000 men.

²Jashobeam son of Žabdiel was in charge of the first group for the first month. There were 24,000 men in Jashobeam's group. ³Jashobeam, one of Perez's descendants, was leader of all the army officers for the first month.

⁴Dodai, from the Ahoahites, was in charge of the army group for the second month. Mikloth was a leader in that group. There were 24,000 men in Dodai's group.

⁵The third commander, for the third month, was Benaiah son of Jehoiada the leading priest. There were 24,000 men in Benaiah's group. ⁶He was the same Benaiah who was a brave soldier from the Thirty Heroes. He led these men. His son Ammizabad was in charge of Banaiah's group.

⁷The fourth commander, for the fourth month, was Asahel the brother of Joab. Later, Asahel's son Zebadiah took his place as commander. There were 24,000 men in Asahel's group.

⁸The fifth commander, for the fifth month, was Shamhuth from Zerah's family. There were 24,000 men in Shamhuth's group.

⁹The sixth commander, for the sixth month, was Ira son of Ikkesh from the town of Tekoa. There were 24,000 men in Ira's group.

¹⁰The seventh commander, for the seventh month, was Helez from the Pelonites and a descendant of Ephraim. There were 24,000 men in Helez' group.

¹¹The eighth commander, for the eighth month, was Sibbecai from Hushah and from Zerah's family. There were 24,000 men in Sibbecai's group.

¹²The ninth commander, for the ninth month, was Abiezer from the town of Anathoth and the tribe of Benjamin. There were 24,000 men in Abiezer's group.

¹³The tenth commander, for the tenth month, was Maharai from Netophah and from Zerah's family. There were 24,000 men in Maharai's group.

¹⁴The eleventh commander, for the eleventh month, was Benaiah from Pirathon and the tribe of Ephraim. There were 24,000 men in Benaiah's group.

¹⁵The twelfth commander, for the twelfth month, was Heldai from Netophah and from Othniel's family. There were 24,000 men in Heldai's group.

Leaders of the Tribes of Israel

 $^{16}\mbox{These}$ were the leaders of the tribes of Israel:

Eliezer son of Zicri, leader of the tribe of Reuben;

Shephatiah son of Maacah, leader of the tribe of Simeon;

17 Hashabiah son of Kemuel, leader of the tribe of Levi;

Zadok, leader of the people of Aaron;

¹⁸ Elihu, one of David's brothers, leader of the tribe of Judah; Omri son of Michael, leader of the tribe

of Issachar;

¹⁹ Ishmaiah son of Obadiah, leader of the tribe of Zebulun;

Jeremoth son of Azriel, leader of the tribe of Naphtali;

²⁰ Hoshea son of Azaziah, leader of the tribe of Ephraim;

Joel son of Pedaiah, leader of West Manasseh;

- ²¹ Iddo son of Zechariah, leader of East Manasseh;
 - Jaasiel son of Abner, leader of the tribe of Benjamin;

²² Azarel son of Jeroham, leader of the tribe of Dan.

David Counts the Israelites

²³David decided to count the men in Israel. There were very many people because God promised to make the Israelites as many as the stars in the sky. So David only counted the men who were 20 years old and older. ²⁴Joab son of Zeruiah began to count the people, but he did not finish.^a God became angry with the Israelites. That is why the number of the people was not put in the book, *The History* of King David.

The King's Administrators

²⁵This is the list of men who were responsible for the king's property:

- Azmaveth son of Adiel was in charge of the king's storerooms.
- Jonathan son of Uzziah was in charge of the storerooms in the small towns, villages, fields, and towers.
- ²⁶ Ezri son of Kelub was in charge of the field workers.
- 27 Shimei from Ramah was in charge of the vineyards.*
 - Zabdi from Shepham was in charge of the storage and care of the wine that came from the vineyards.
- 28 Baal Hanan from Geder was in charge of the olive trees and sycamore trees in the western hill country.
 - Joash was in charge of storing the olive oil.
- ²⁹ Shitrai from Sharon was in charge of the cattle around Sharon.
 - Shaphat son of Adlai was in charge of the cattle in the valleys.
- ³⁰ Obil the Ishmaelite was in charge of the camels.
 - Jehdeiah the Meronothite was in charge of the donkeys.
- ³¹ Jaziz the Hagrite was in charge of the sheep.

All these men were the leaders who took care of King David's property.

³²Jonathan was a wise counselor and a scribe.* He was David's uncle. Jehiel son of Hacmoni took care of the king's sons. ³³Ahithophel was the king's counselor. Hushai was the king's friend. Hushai was from the Arkites. ³⁴Jehoiada and Abiathar later took Ahithophel's place as the king's counselor. Jehoiada was Benaiah's son. Joab was the commander of the king's army.

David's Plans for the Temple

28¹David gathered all the leaders of the Israelites and commanded them to

a**27:24** Joab ... did not finish God stopped him. See 1 Chron. 21:1-30.

come to Jerusalem. David called all the leaders of the tribes, the commanders of the army groups serving the king, the captains, the generals, the officials taking care of the property and animals that belonged to the king and his sons, the king's important officials, the powerful heroes, and all the brave soldiers.

²King David stood up and said, "Listen to me, my brothers and my people. In my heart I wanted to build a place to keep the Box of the Lord's Agreement.* I wanted to build a place that would be God's footstool.^{*a*} And I made the plans for building that house for God. ³But God said to me, 'No David, you must not build a house for my name. You must not do that because you are a soldier, and you have killed many men.'

4"The LORD, the God of Israel, chose the tribe of Judah to lead the twelve tribes of Israel. Then from that tribe, the LORD chose my father's family. And from that family, God chose me to be the king of Israel forever. God wanted to make me king of Israel. 5The LORD has given me many sons. And from all those sons, he chose Solomon to be the new king of Israel. But really, Israel is the LORD's kingdom. 6The Lord said to me, 'David, your son Solomon will build my Temple* and the area around it, because I have chosen Solomon to be my son, and I will be his father.^b ⁷Solomon is obeying my laws and commands now. If he continues to obey my laws, I will make Solomon's kingdom strong forever."

⁸David said, "Now, in front of all Israel and God, I tell you these things: Be careful to obey all the commands of the LORD your God. Then you can keep this good land and pass it on to your descendants forever.

^{9"}And you, my son Solomon, know the God of your father. Serve God with a pure heart. Be happy to serve him, because the Lord knows what is in everyone's heart. He knows what you are thinking. If you go to him for help, you will get an answer. But if you turn away from him, he will leave you forever. ¹⁰Solomon, you must understand that the Lord has chosen you to build his holy* place—the Temple. Be strong and finish the job."

¹¹Then David gave his son Solomon the plans for building the Temple. They included plans for the porch around the Temple, its buildings, its storerooms, its upper rooms, its inside rooms, and the room for the mercycover.* ¹²David had made plans for all parts of the Temple. He gave them to Solomon. David gave him all the plans for the courtyard around the LORD'S Temple and for all the rooms around it. He gave him the plans for the Temple storerooms and for the storerooms where

^a28:2 footstool Usually this was a small stool in front of a chair, but here, it means the Temple. It is as if God were the king sitting in his chair and resting his feet on the building David wanted to build. ^b28:6 I will be his father This showed that God was making Solomon the king. See Ps. 2:7. they kept the holy things used in the Temple. 13David told Solomon about the groups of the priests and Levites.* He told Solomon about all the work of serving in the LORD's Temple and about all the things to be used in the Temple service. ¹⁴David told Solomon how much gold and silver should be used to make all the things to be used in the Temple. ¹⁵There were plans for gold lamps and lampstands, and there were plans for silver lamps and lampstands. David told Solomon how much gold or silver to use for each lampstand and its lamps. The different lampstands were to be used where needed. ¹⁶David told him how much gold should be used for each table for the holy bread.* He told how much silver should be used for the silver tables. 17He told how much pure gold should be used to make the forks, sprinkling bowls, and pitchers. He told him how much gold should be used to make each gold dish and how much silver should be used to make each silver dish. 18He told him how much pure gold should be used for the altar of incense.* David also gave Solomon the plans for God's chariot-the mercycover with the Cherub angels* spreading their wings over the Box of the Lord's Agreement. The Cherub angels were made of gold.

¹⁹David said, "All these plans were written with the LORD guiding me. He helped me understand everything in the plans."

²⁰David also said to his son Solomon, "Be strong and brave and finish this work. Don't be afraid, because the LORD God, my God, is with you. He will help you until all the work is finished. He will not leave you. You will build the LORD'S Temple. ²¹The groups of the priests and Levites are ready for all the work on God'S Temple. Every skilled worker is ready to help you with all the work. The officials and all the people will obey every command you give."

Gifts for Building the Temple

29¹King David said to all the Israelites who were gathered together, "God chose my son Solomon. Solomon is young and does not know all that he needs to do this work. But the work is very important. This house isn't for people; this house is for the LORD God. ²I have done my best to make plans to build my God's Temple.* I have given gold for the things made of gold. I have given silver for the things made of silver. I have given bronze for the things made of bronze. I have given iron for the things made of iron. I have given wood for the things made of wood. I have also given onyx* stones for the settings,^c mosaic tiles,^d all kinds of valuable stones in many different colors, and white marble stones. I have given many of these

29:2 settings The frames in which stones are mounted.

d29:2 mosaic tiles Literally, "stones set in mortar."

1 CHRONICLES 29:3

things for the building of the LORD's Temple. ³I am making a special gift of gold and silver things for my God's Temple. I am doing this because I really want the Temple of my God to be built. I am giving all these things to build this holy* Temple. ⁴I have given 110 tons^a of pure gold from Ophir. I have given 263 tons^b of pure silver. The silver is for covering the walls of the buildings in the Temple. ⁵I have given gold and silver. I have given gold and silver so that skilled men can make all different kinds of things for the Temple. Now, how many of you Israelites are ready to give yourselves to the LORD today?"

⁶The familý leaders, the leaders of the tribes of Israel, the generals, the captains, and the officials responsible for the king's work, were all ready and gave their valuable things. ⁷These are the things they gave for God's house: 190 tons^c of gold; 375 tons^d of silver; 675 tons^e of bronze; and 3750 tons^f of iron. ⁸People who had valuable stones gave them to the Lord's Temple. Jehiel took care of the valuable stones. He was from the Gershon family. ⁹The people were very happy because their leaders were happy to give so much. The leaders were happy to give freely from good hearts. King David was also very happy.

David's Beautiful Prayer

¹⁰Then David praised the Lond in front of all the people who were gathered together. David said,

- "LORD, the God of Israel, our Father, may you be praised forever and ever!
- ¹¹ Greatness, power, glory, victory, and honor belong to you, heaving supertributes in beaving and or heaving supertributes in beaving and or heaving supertributes.
 - because everything in heaven and on earth belongs to you!
 - The kingdom belongs to you, Lord! You are the head, the Ruler over everything.
- Riches and honor come from you. You rule everything.
 - You have the power and strength in your hand!

And in your hand is the power to make anyone great and powerful!

- ¹³ Now, our God, we thank you, and we praise your glorious name!
- ¹⁴ All these things didn't come from me and my people.

All these things come from you.

a29:4 110 tons Literally, "3000 talents" (103,500 kg).
 b29:4 263 tons Literally, "7000 talents" (241,500 kg).
 c29:7 190 tons Literally, "5000 talents and 10,000

darics" (172.59 metric tons).

*d***29:7** *375 tons* Literally, "10,000 talents" (345 metric tons).

e 29:7 675 tons Literally, "18,000 talents" (621 metric tons).

f**29:7** 3750 tons Literally, "100,000 talents" (3450 metric tons).

- ¹⁵ We are only strangers traveling through this world like our ancestors.*
 - Our time on earth is like a passing shadow,

and we cannot stop it.

- ¹⁶ LORD our God, we gathered all these things to build your Temple.* We build it to honor your name.
 - But all these things have come from you. Everything belongs to you.
- ¹⁷ My God, I know that you test people, and that you are happy when people do what is right.
 - I gladly give you all these things with a pure, honest heart.
 - I see your people gathered here, and I see that they are happy about giving these things to you.
- ¹⁸ LORD, you are the God of our ancestors, Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob.*
 - Please help your people plan the right things.
 - Help them be loyal and true to you.
- ¹⁹ And help my son Solomon be true to you. Help him always obey your commands, laws, and rules.
 - Help Solomon do these things.
 - And help him build this Temple that I have planned."

²⁰Then David said to all the group of people gathered together, "Now give praise to the LORD your God." So all the people gave praise to the LORD God, the God their ancestors worshiped. They bowed to the ground to give honor to the LORD and to the king.

Solomon Becomes King

²¹The next day the people made sacrifices* to the LORD. They offered burnt offerings* to him. They offered 1000 bulls, 1000 rams, 1000 lambs, and the drink offerings that go with them. They offered many sacrifices for all the Israelites. ²²That day the people were very happy as they ate and drank there together with the LORD.

And they made David's son Solomon king the second time.⁹ They anointed* Solomon to be king, and they anointed Zadok to be priest. They did this in the place where the LORD was.

²³Then Solomon sat on the LORD's throne as king. Solomon took his father's place. He was very successful. All the Israelites obeyed him. ²⁴All the leaders, soldiers, and all of King David's sons accepted Solomon as king and obeyed him. ²⁵The LORD made Solomon very great. All the Israelites knew that the

929:22 And they made ... time Solomon was chosen to be king the first time when his half-brother Adonijah tried to make himself king. See 1 Kings 1:5-39. Lord was making him great. He gave Solomon the honor that a king should have. No king in Israel before Solomon had such honor.

David's Death

^{26–27}David son of Jesse was king over all Israel for 40 years. He was king in the city of Hebron for seven years. Then he was king in the city of Jerusalem for 33 years. ²⁸David died when he was old. He had lived a good, long life and had many riches and honors. His son Solomon became the new king after him.

²⁹The things that King David did, from beginning to end, are in the books written by Samuel the seer,* Nathan the prophet,* and Gad the seer. ³⁰Those writings tell all about what David did as king of Israel. They tell about David's power and what happened to him and to Israel and to all the kingdoms around them.

2 Chronicles

Solomon Asks for Wisdom

1 'Solomon, the son of David, became a very strong king, because the LORD his God was with him and made him very great.

²⁻³The people of Israel and the captains, generals, judges, leaders, and heads of the families were all gathered together. Solomon spoke to them, and then they all went to the high place* at Gibeon. They went there because God's Meeting Tent* was there. The LORD's servant Moses made this tent when he and the Israelites were in the desert. ⁴David had carried God's Box of the Agreement* from Kiriath Jearim to Jerusalem where he had set up another tent for it. 5But the bronze altar* that Bezalel son of Uri, who was the son of Hur, had made was in front of the Holy Tent* at Gibeon. So Solomon and the people went there to ask the LORD for advice. 6Solomon went up to the bronze altar and offered a thousand burnt offerings* on it.

⁷That night God came to Solomon and said, "Ask me for whatever you want me to give you."

⁸Solomon said to God, "You were very kind to my father David when you allowed me to rule on his throne after him. ⁹Now, Loro God, continue to keep your promise to my father David. You made me king over so many people that they are like the dust of the earth. ¹⁰Now give me wisdom and knowledge so that I can lead these people in the right way. No one could rule this great nation without your help."

¹¹God⁻ said to Solomon, "You have the right attitude. You did not ask for long life and riches for yourself. You did not ask for the death of your enemies. You asked for the wisdom and knowledge so that you can make the right decisions. ¹²So I will give you wisdom and knowledge, but I will also give you wealth, riches, and honor. No king who lived before you has ever had so much wealth and honor, and no king in the future will have as

much wealth and honor."

¹³Solomon left the Meeting Tent that was at the high place in Gibeon and went back to Jerusalem to rule as the king of Israel.

Solomon Strengthens His Army

¹⁴Solomon started gathering horses and chariots* for his army. He had 1400 chariots and 12,000 horse soldiers. He kept them in the chariot cities^a and in Jerusalem where he lived. 15In Jerusalem Solomon gathered so much gold and silver that it was as common as rocks. He gathered so much cedar wood that it was as common as sycamore trees in the western hill country. ¹⁶Solomon imported horses from Egypt and Kue.^b His merchants* bought the horses in Kue for a set price. ¹⁷They also bought chariots from Egypt for 600 shekels^c of silver each and horses for 150 shekels^d of silver each. They then sold the horses and chariots to the kings of the Hittites and Arameans.

Plans for the Temple and Palace

2 'Solomon planned to build a Temple* to give honor to the Lorp's name. He also planned to build a palace for himself. ²He got 70,000 laborers and 80,000 stonemasons to cut stones in the mountains. He chose 3600 foremen to supervise the workers.

³Then Solomon sent this message to King Hiram of Tyre: "Help me as you helped my father David. You sent him cedar logs so that he could build a palace for himself to live in. ⁴I will build a Temple to honor the name of the LORD my God. At the Temple we will burn incense* in front of him, and we will always put the holy bread* on the special table. We

a1:14 chariot cities Cities with special places to keep the horses and chariots.

b1:16 *Kue* Or "Cilicia," a country in what is now southern Turkey.

c1:17 600 shekels 15 pounds (6.9 kg).

d1:17 150 shekels 3 3/4 pounds (1.725 kg).

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World Bible Translation Center Last Updated: September 21, 2006

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